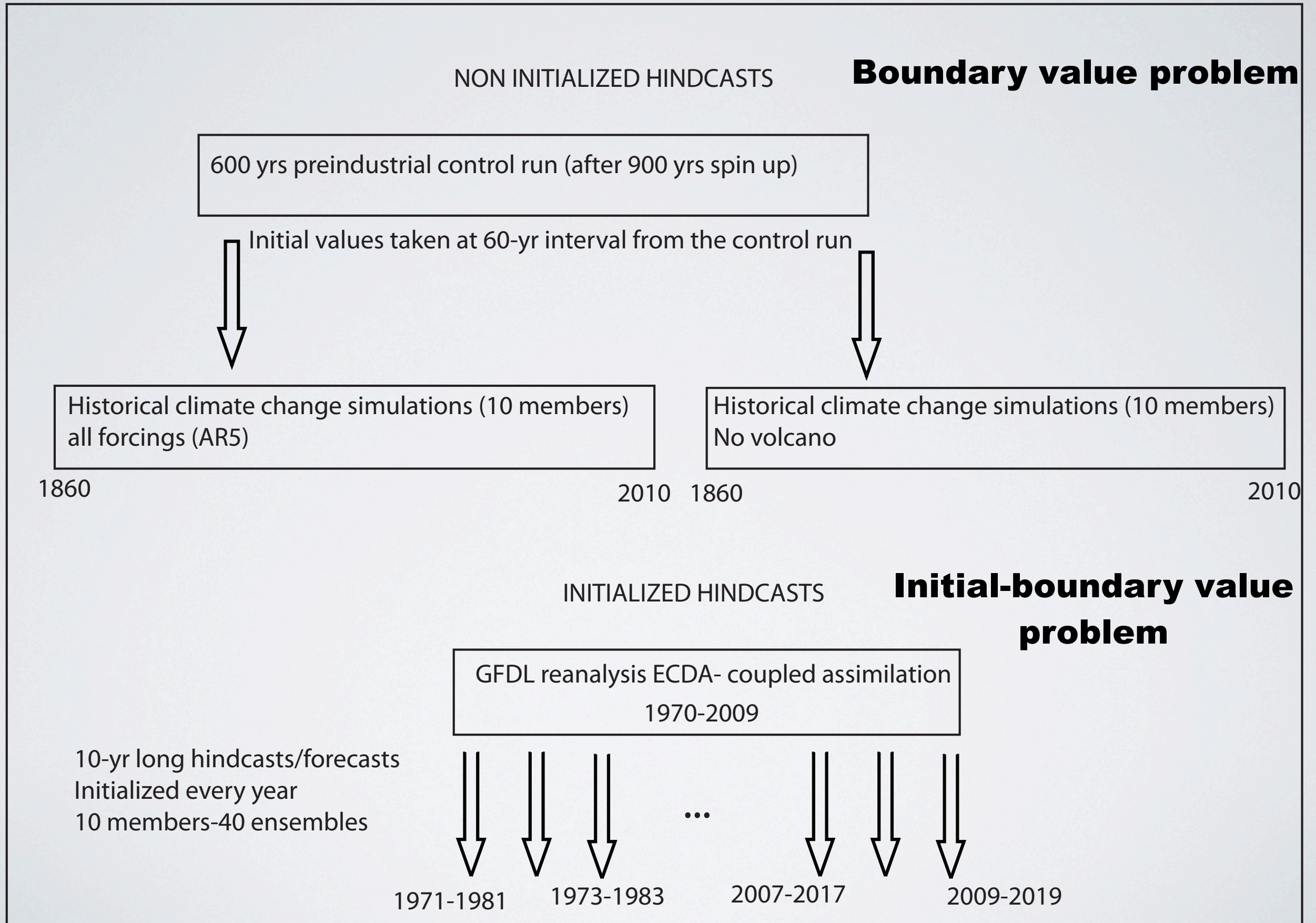


Predicting decadal changes in the North Atlantic from the GFDL model forecasts: preliminary results and challenges

Rym Msadek
NOAA/GFDL

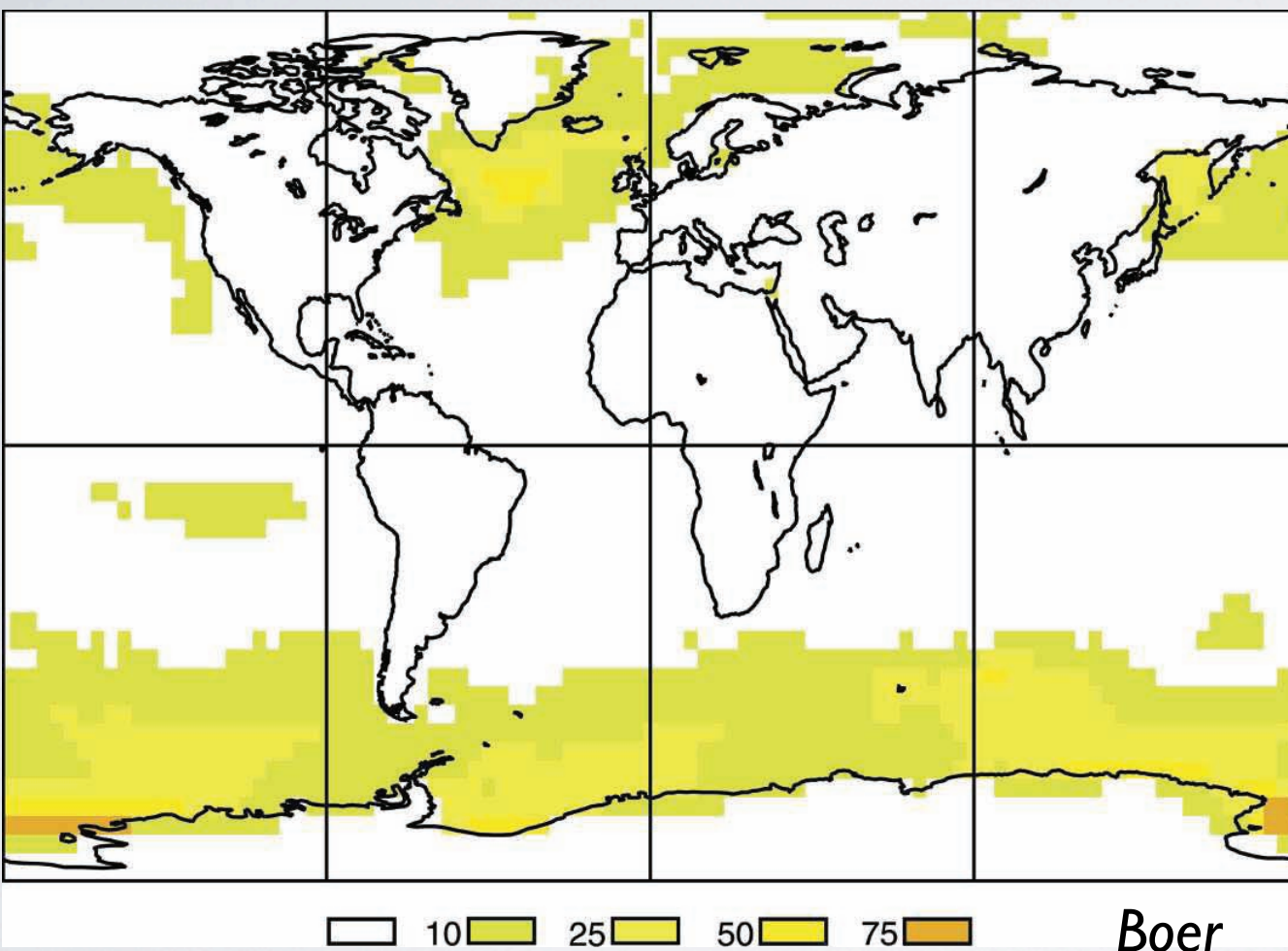
AGCI meeting, Aspen CO
June 27th-July 1st, 2011

GFDL Decadal predictions: Experimental design

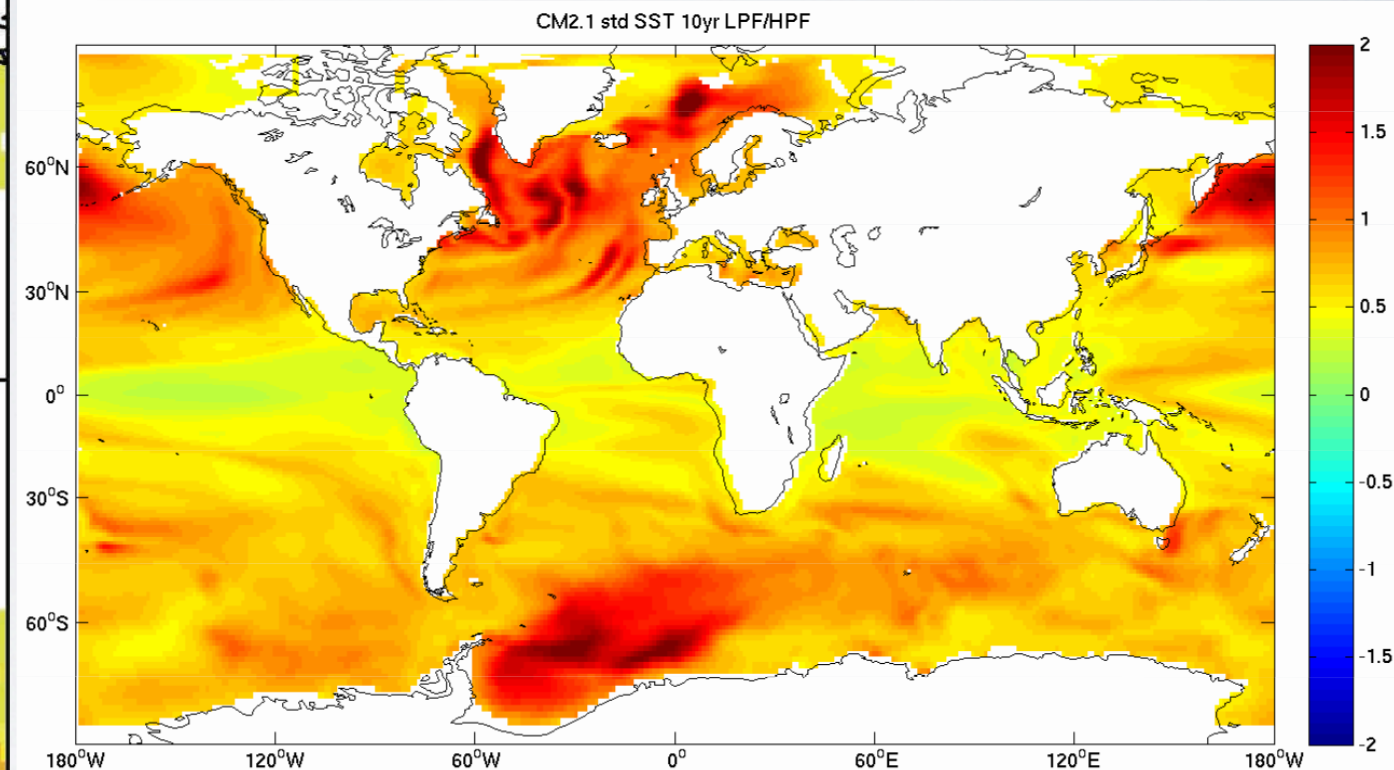


Predictability: where should we look?

**Air temperature II climate models
ratio of the decadal variance over
total variance**



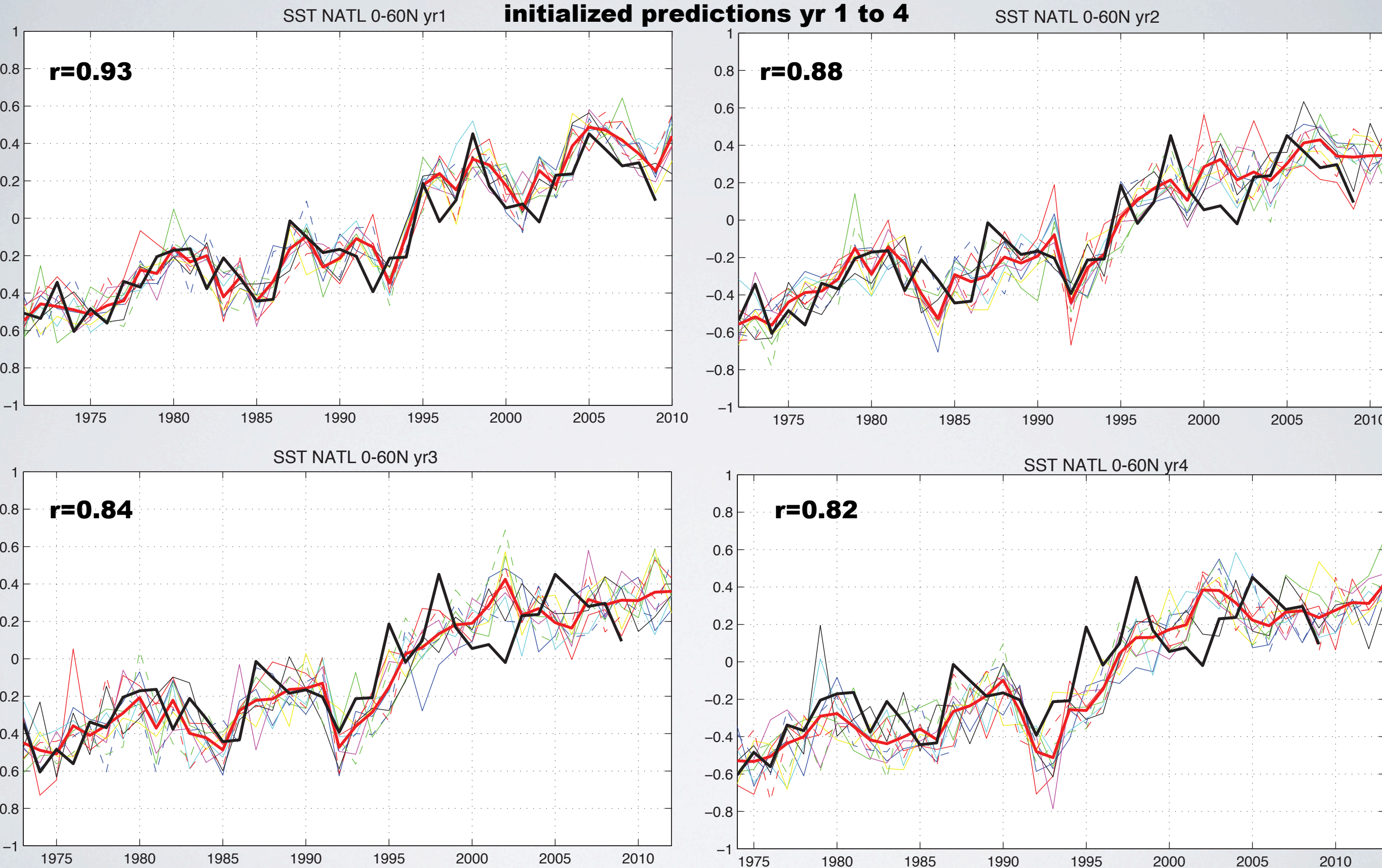
**Ratio decadal variance/high
frequency variance for SST in CM2.1**



**This model showed decadal predictability
in the North Atlantic in a perfect model
framework (Msadek et al. GRL, 2010)**

Does the North Atlantic show any skill in the initialized predictions?

SST NATL 0-60N



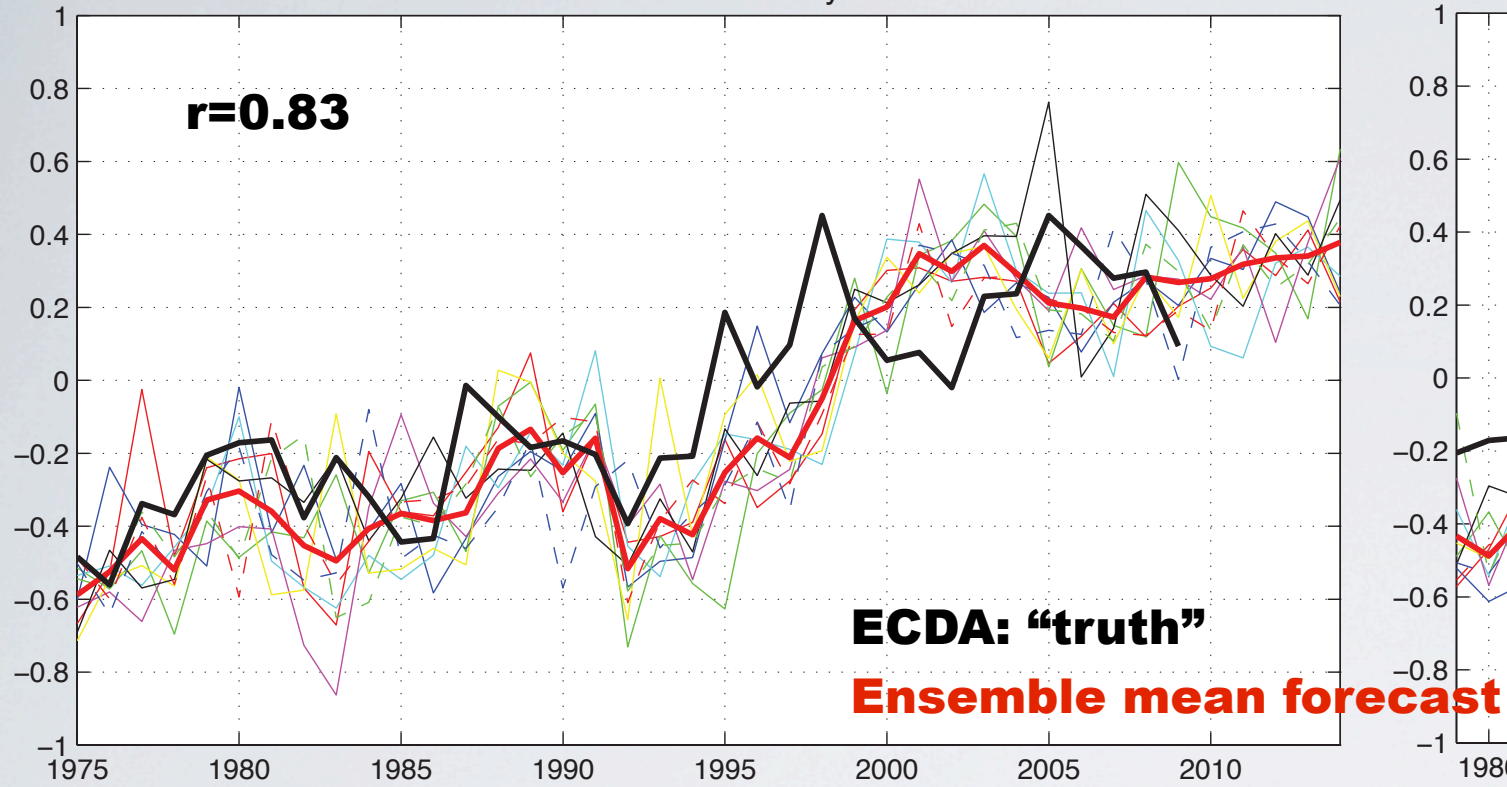
ECDA: "truth"

Ensemble mean forecast

SST NATL 0-60N

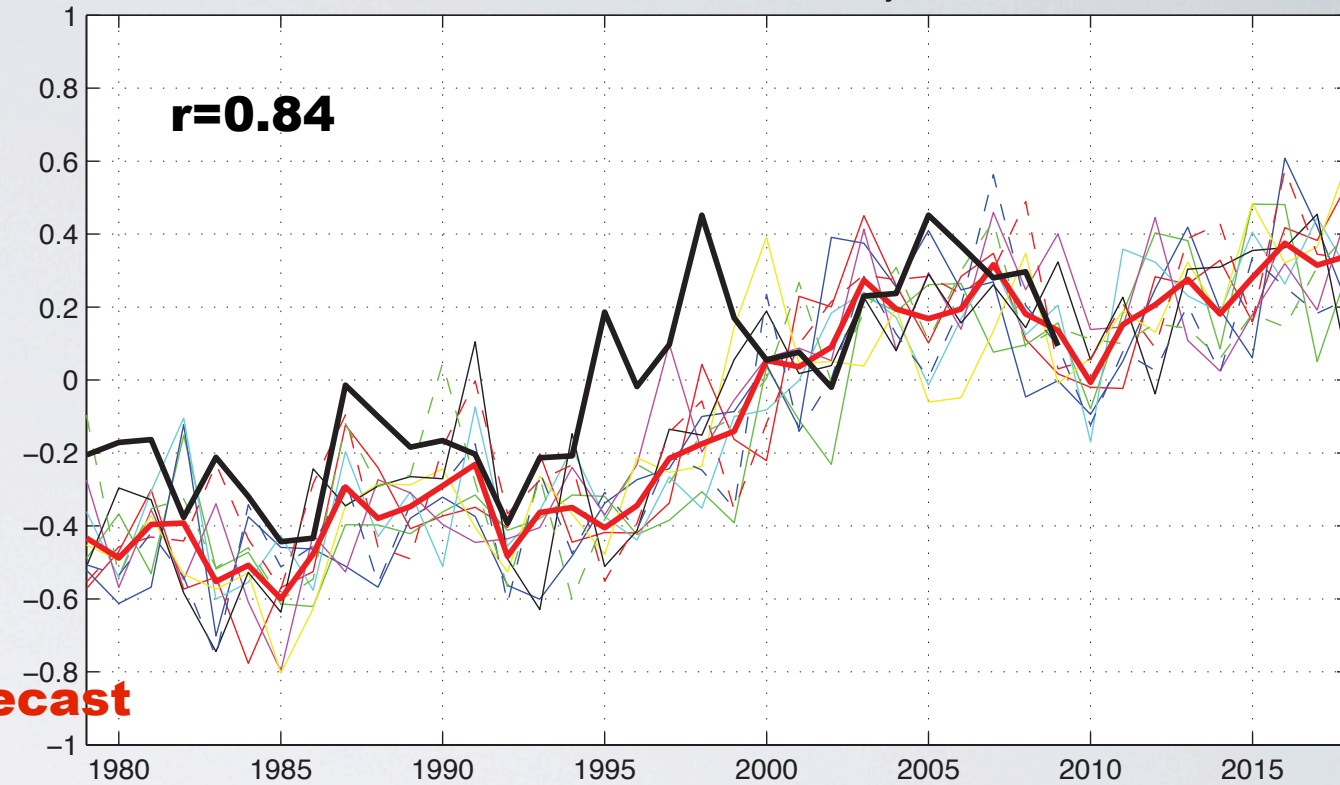
initialized predictions yr 5

SST NATL 0-60N yr5



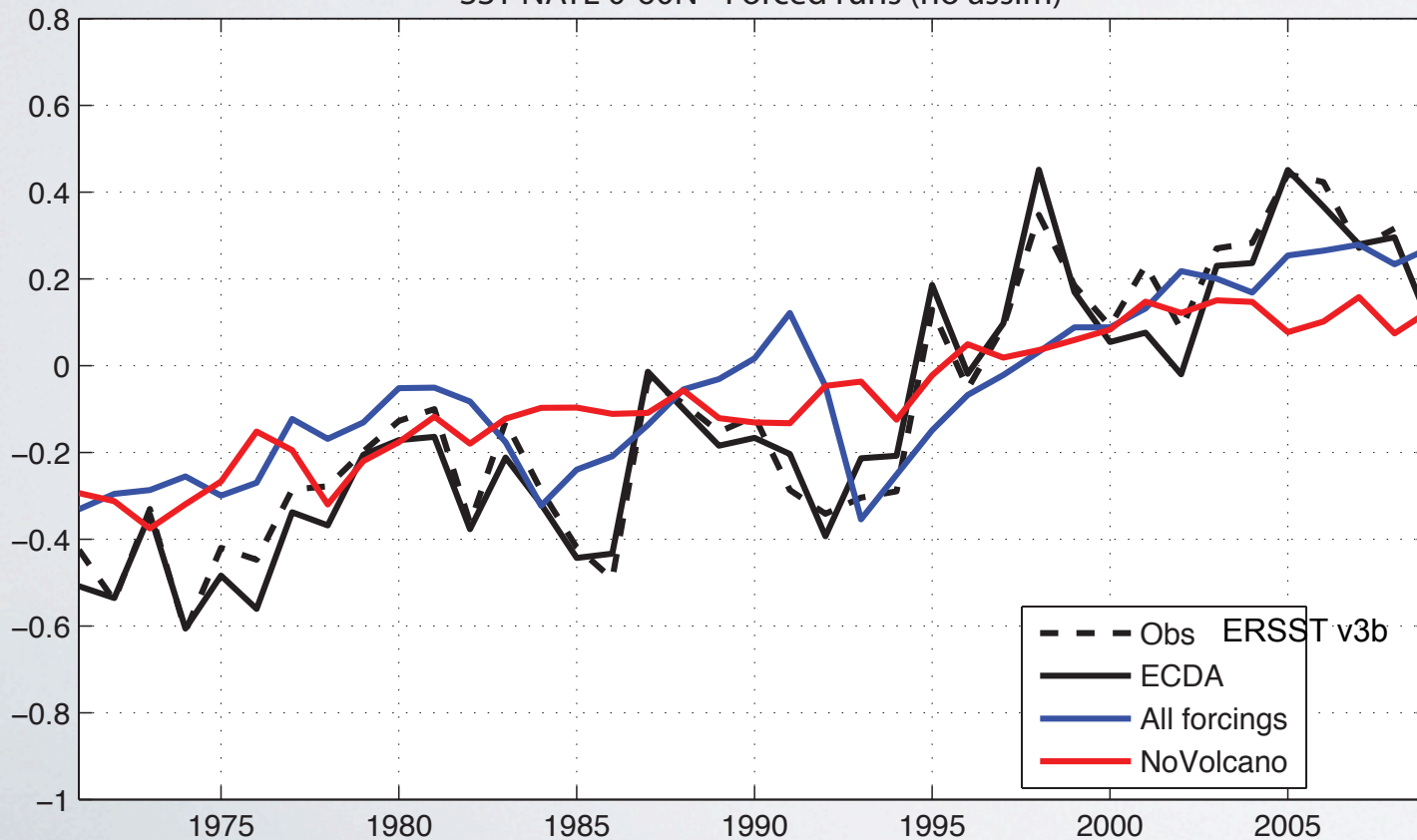
initialized predictions yr 9

SST NATL 0-60N yr9



Projections: No Assim

SST NATL 0-60N - Forced runs (no assim)



Correlations:

Obs/NoAssim $r=0.84$

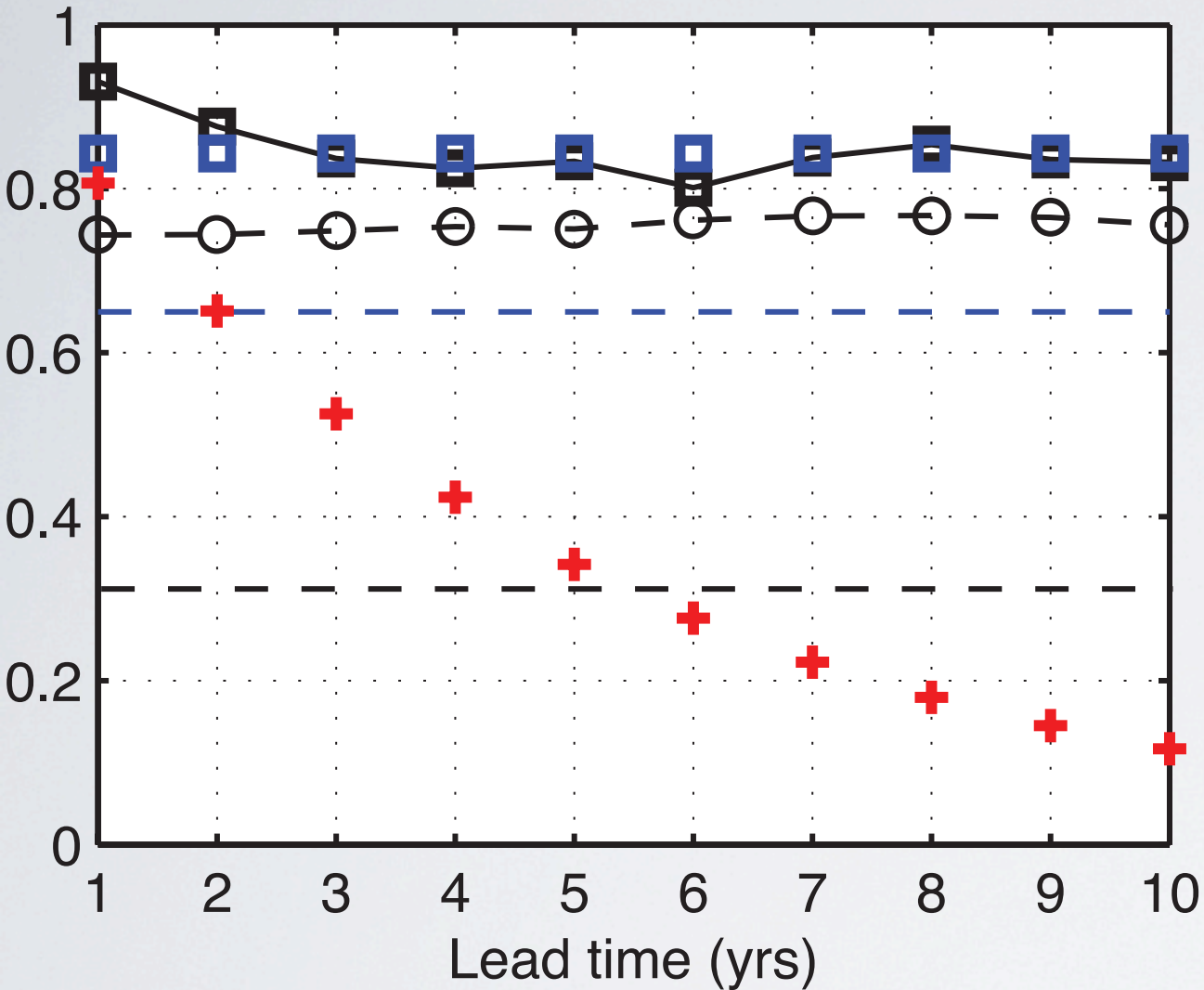
ECDA/NoAssim $r=0.80$

Obs/Novolcano $r=0.83$

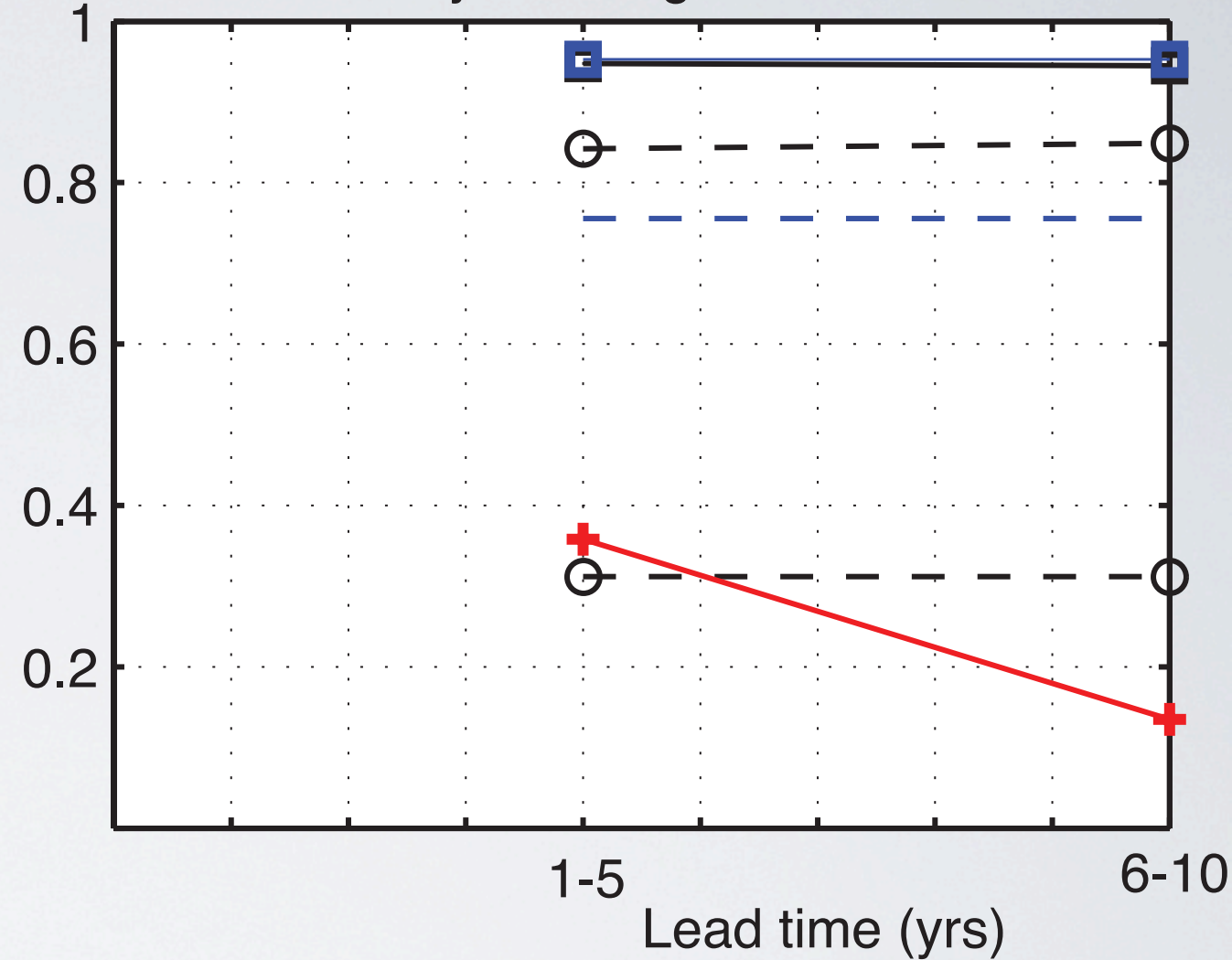
ECDA/Novolcano $r=0.82$

Correlation SST NATL 0N–60N

annual mean



5yr running mean



Hindcasts

Forced (no assim)

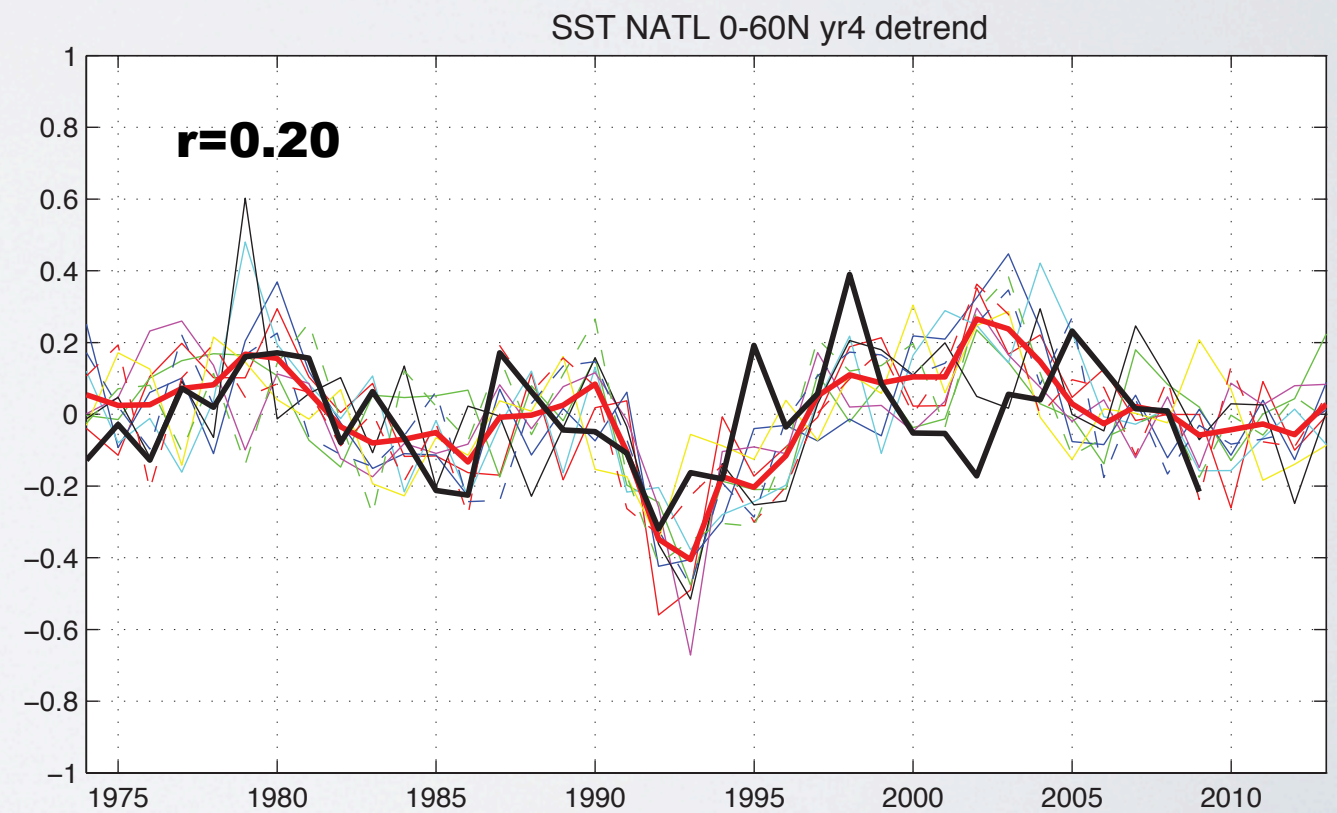
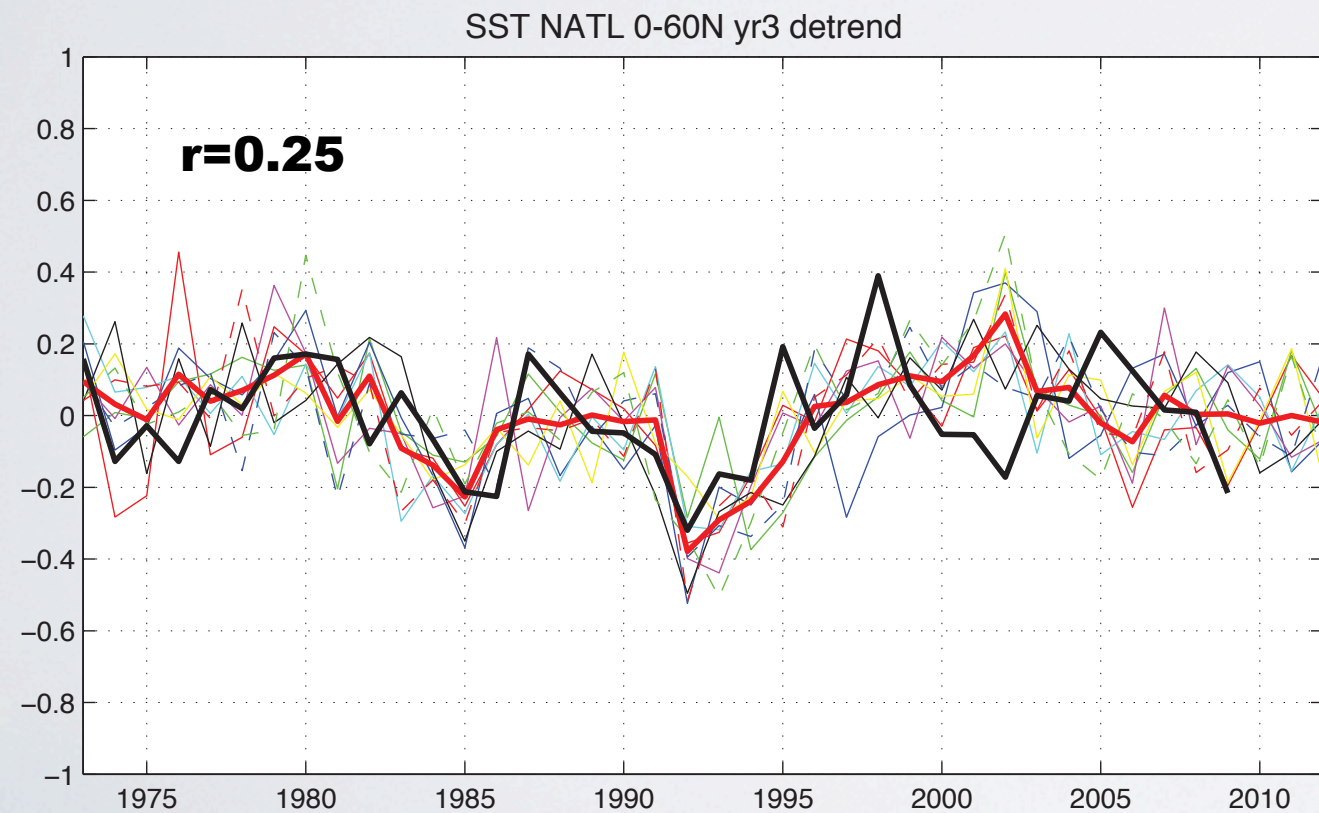
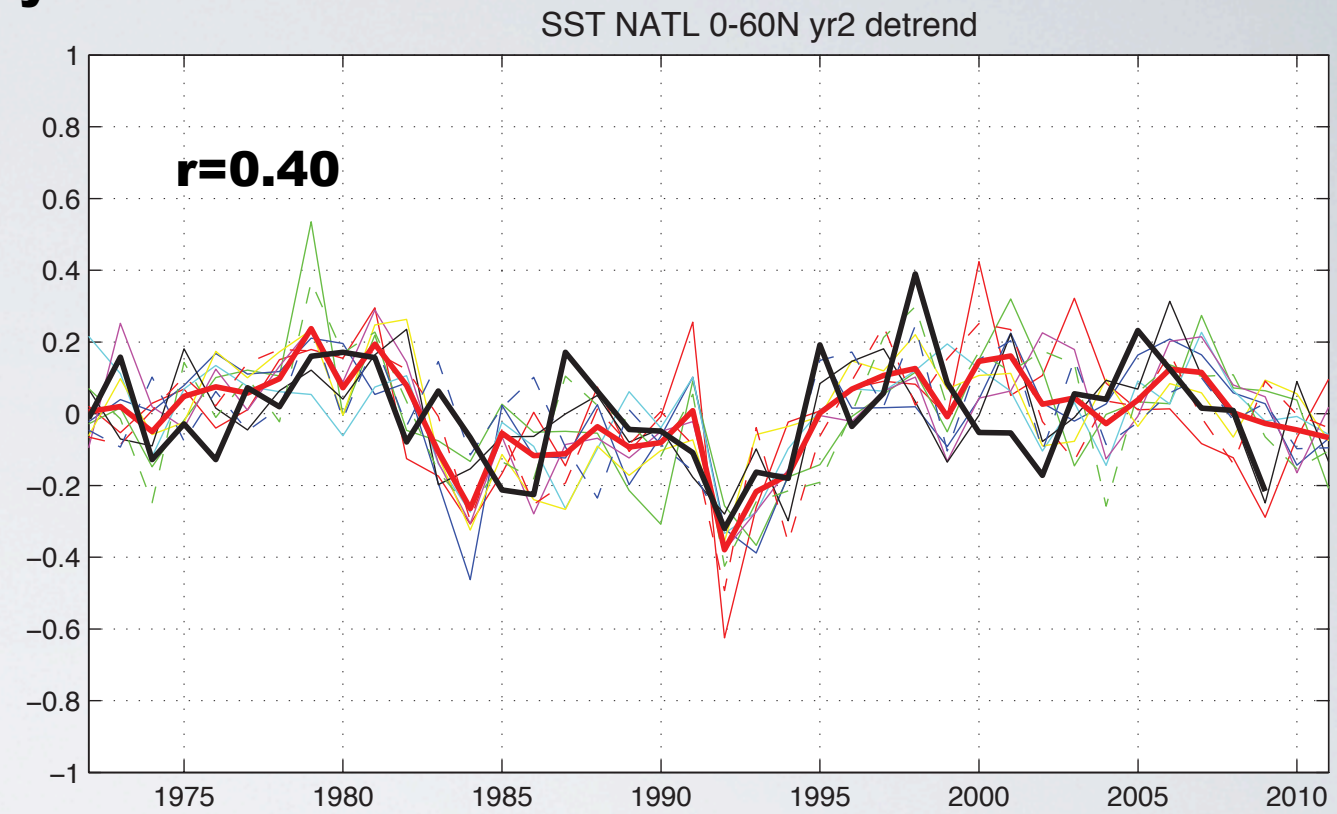
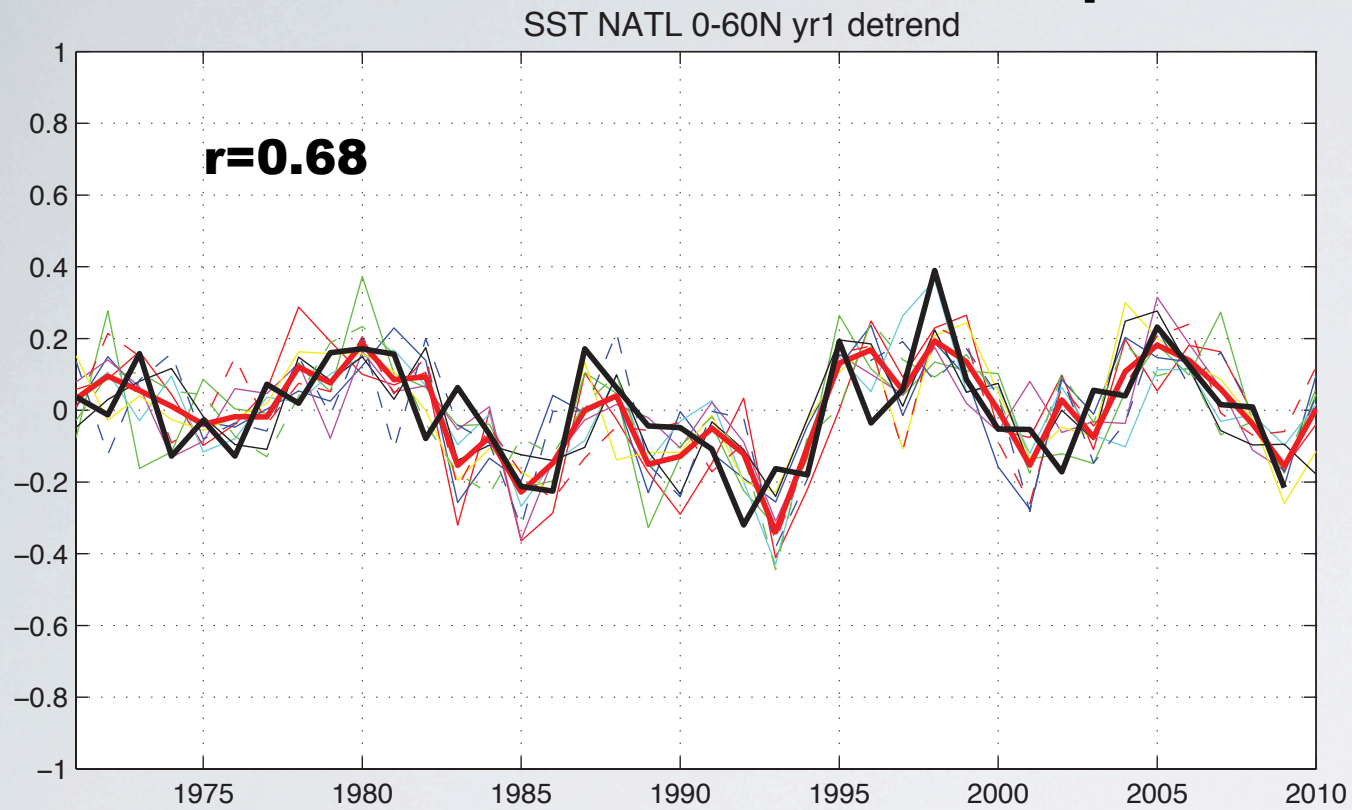
Persistence

— — — — — significance level

➡ **Predictions better than projections for the first 2 yrs**

SST NATL 0-60N

initialized predictions yr 1 to 4: detrended



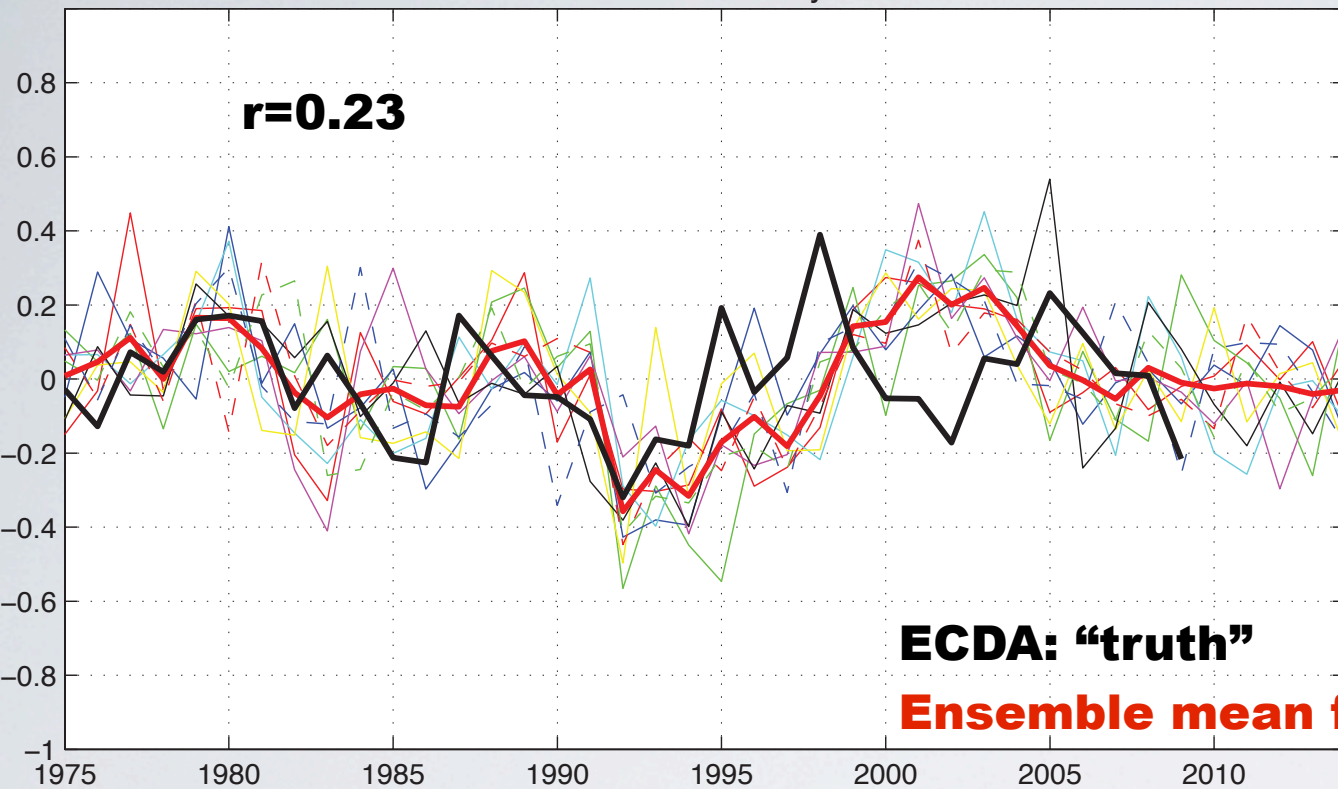
ECDA: "truth"

Ensemble mean forecast

SST NATL 0-60N

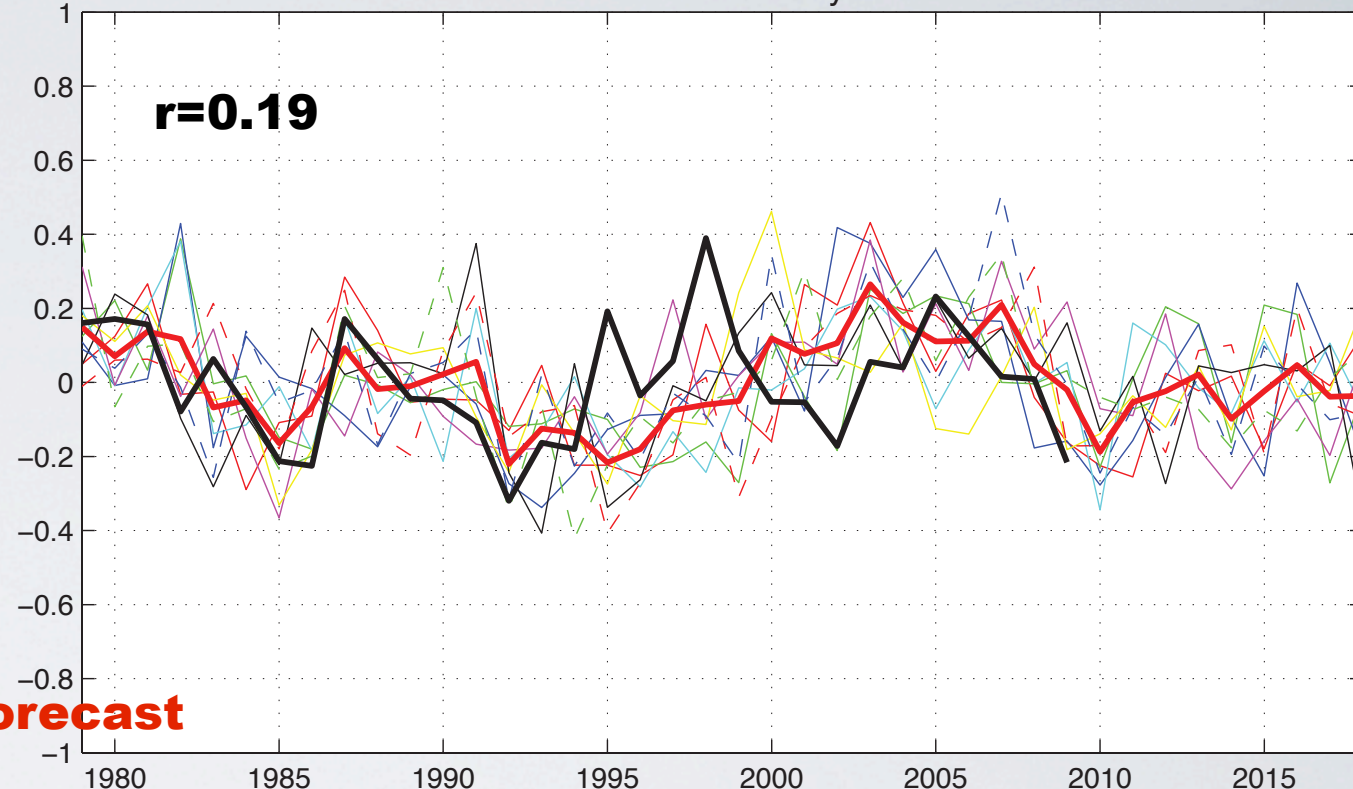
initialized predictions yr 5 detrended

SST NATL 0-60N yr5 detrend



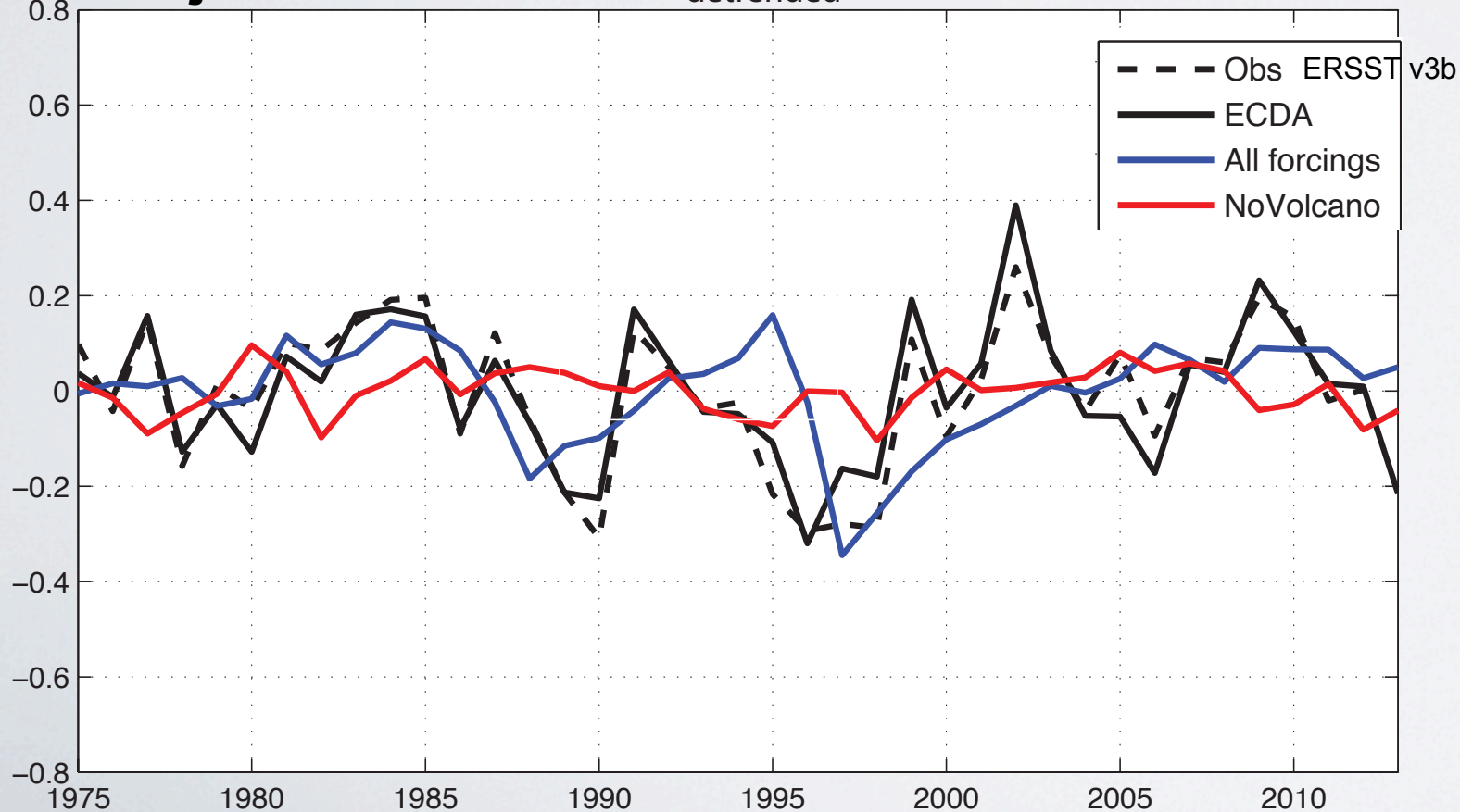
initialized predictions yr 9 detrended

SST NATL 0-60N yr9 detrend



Projections: No Assim

detrended

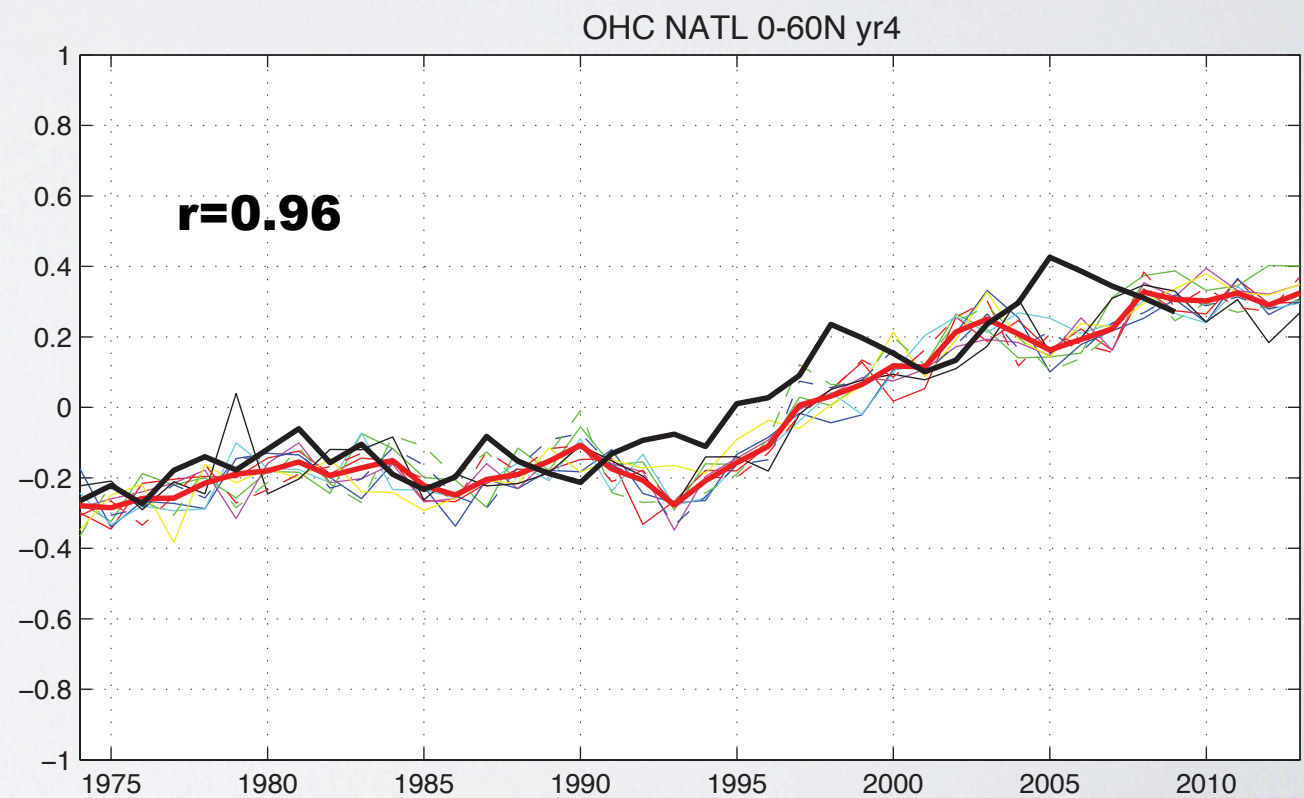
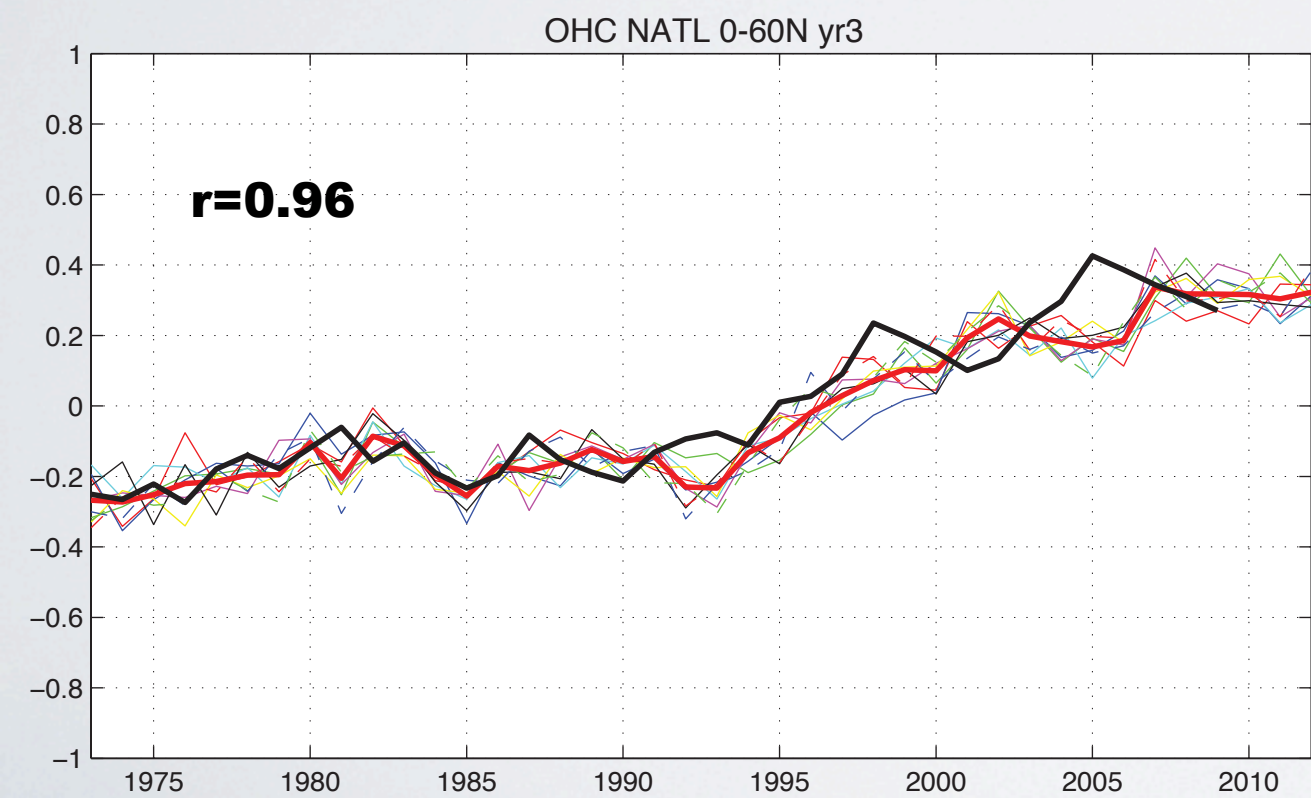
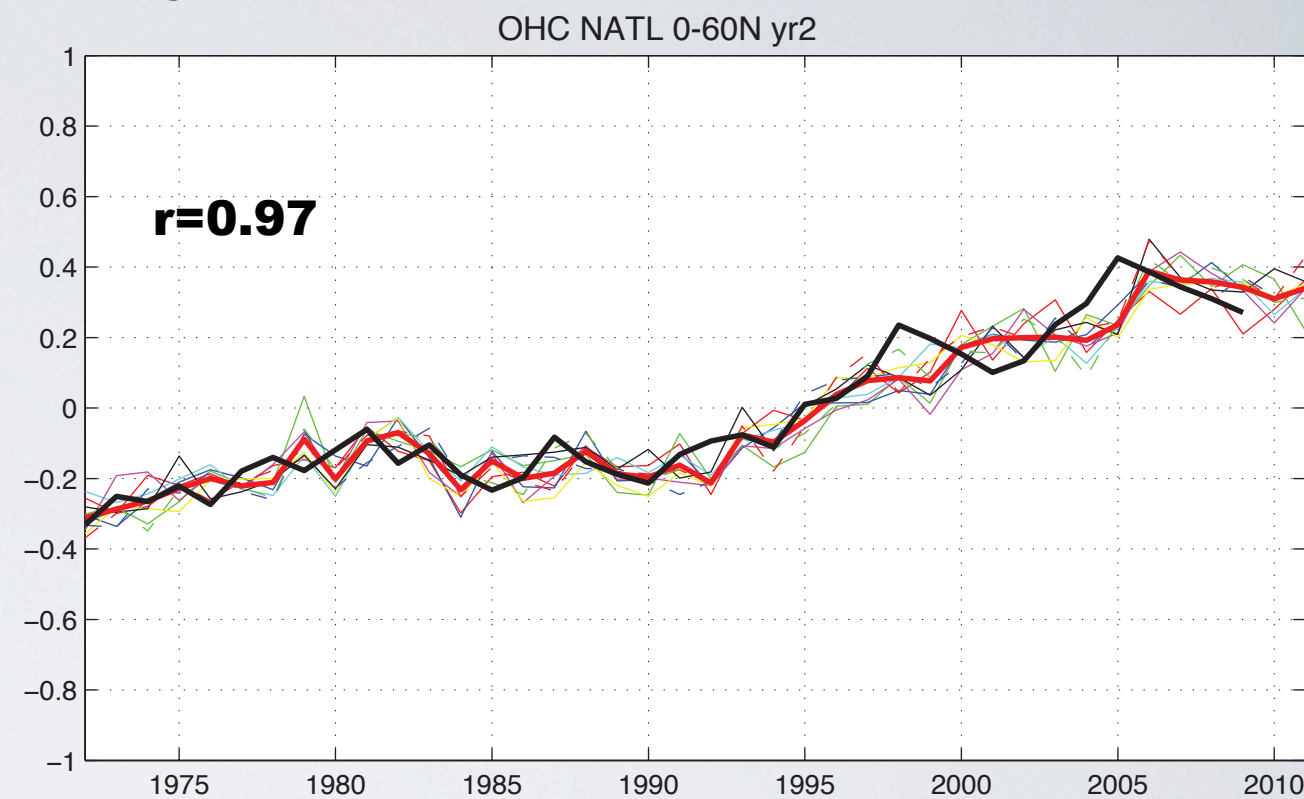
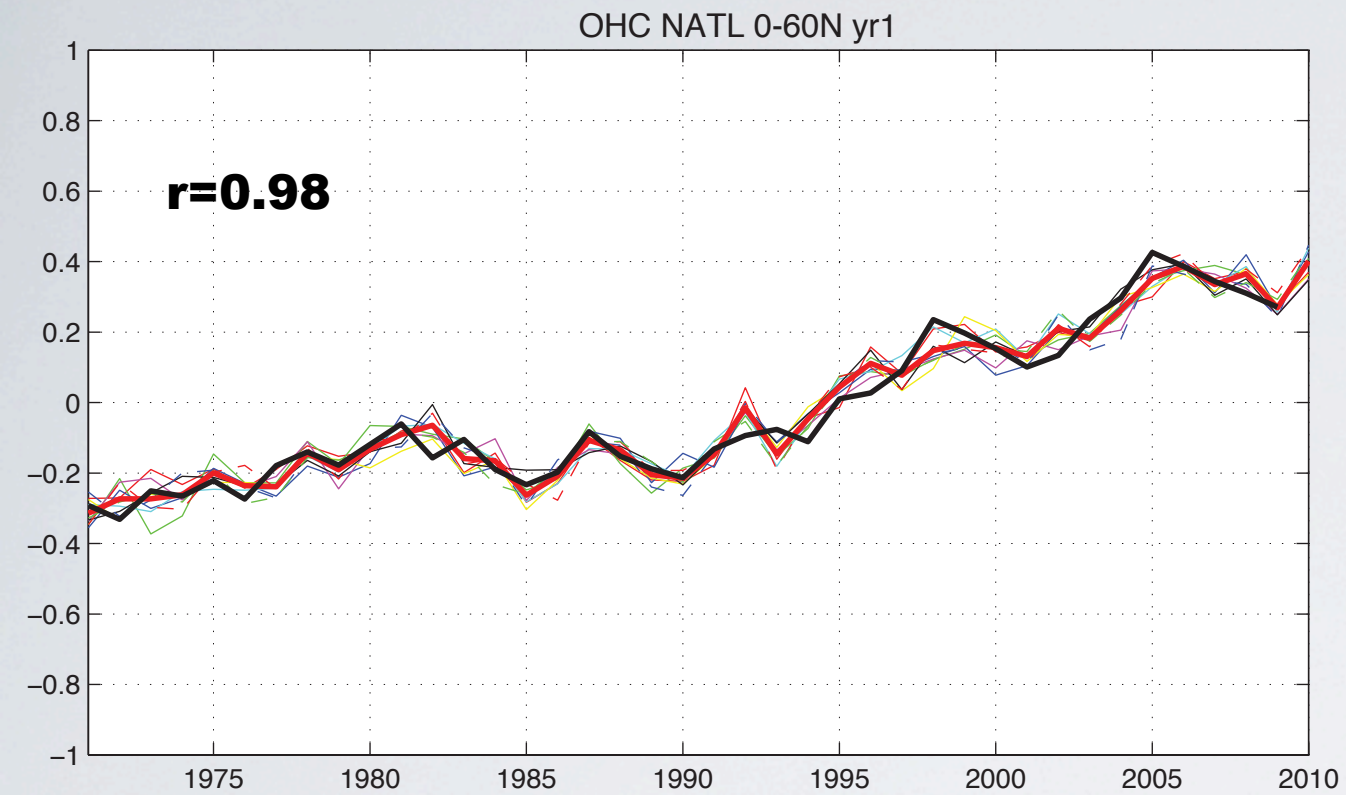


Correlations:

Obs/NoAssim $r=0.46$
ECDA/NoAssim $r=0.28$
Obs/Novolcano $r=0.14$
ECDA/Novolcano $r=0.02$

OHC NATL 0-60N

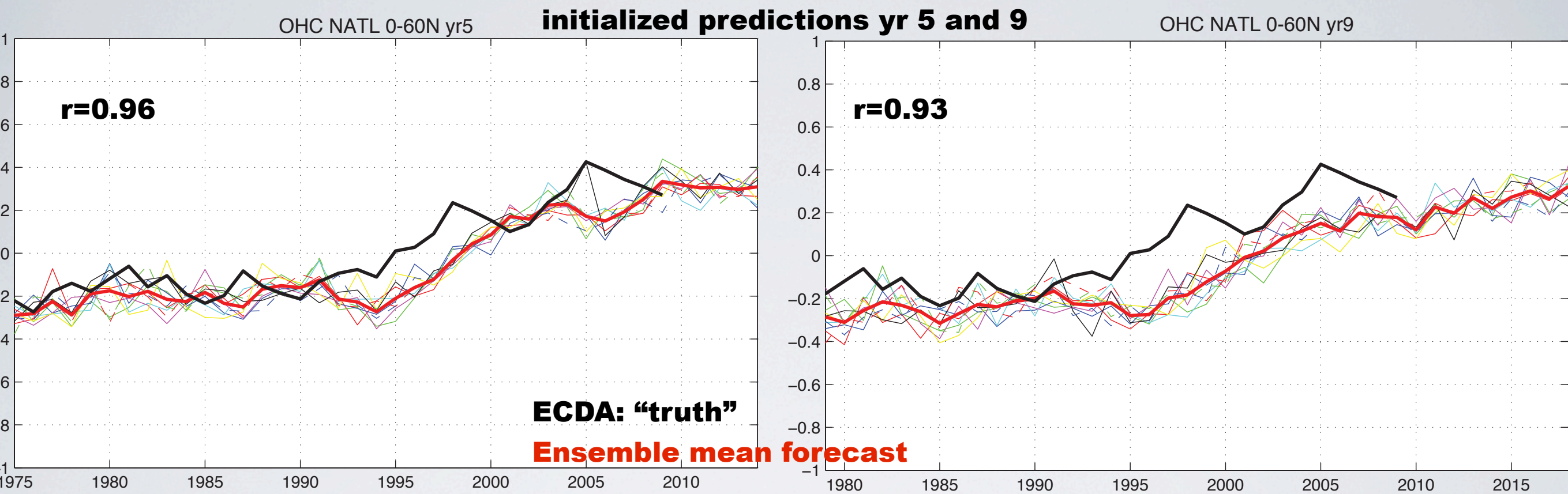
initialized predictions yr 1 to 4



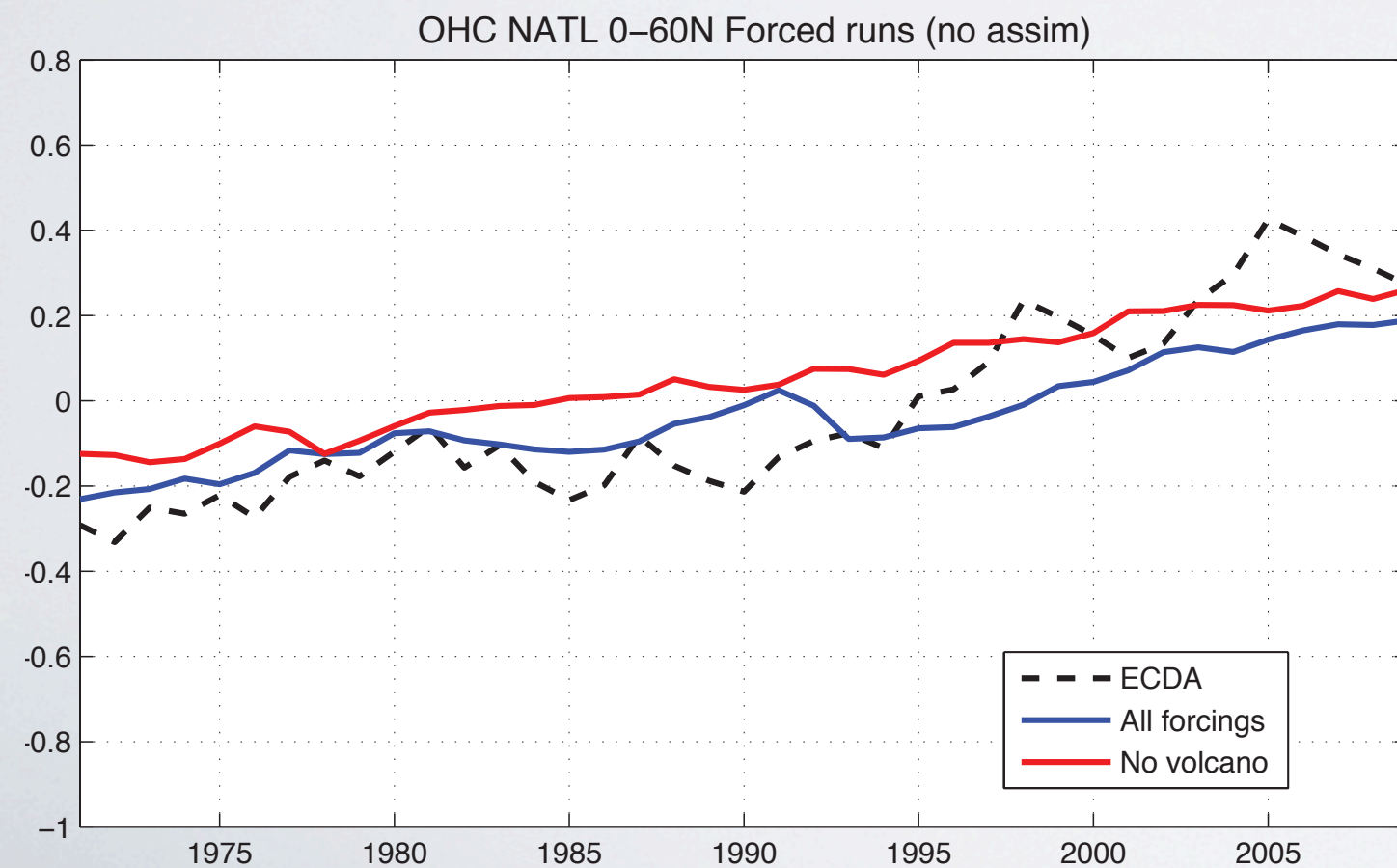
ECDA: "truth"

Ensemble mean forecast

OHC NATL 0-60N



Projections: No Assim



Correlations:

ECDA/NoAssim $r=0.91$

ECDA/Novolcano $r=0.91$

ECDA/NoAssim detrend $r=0.38$

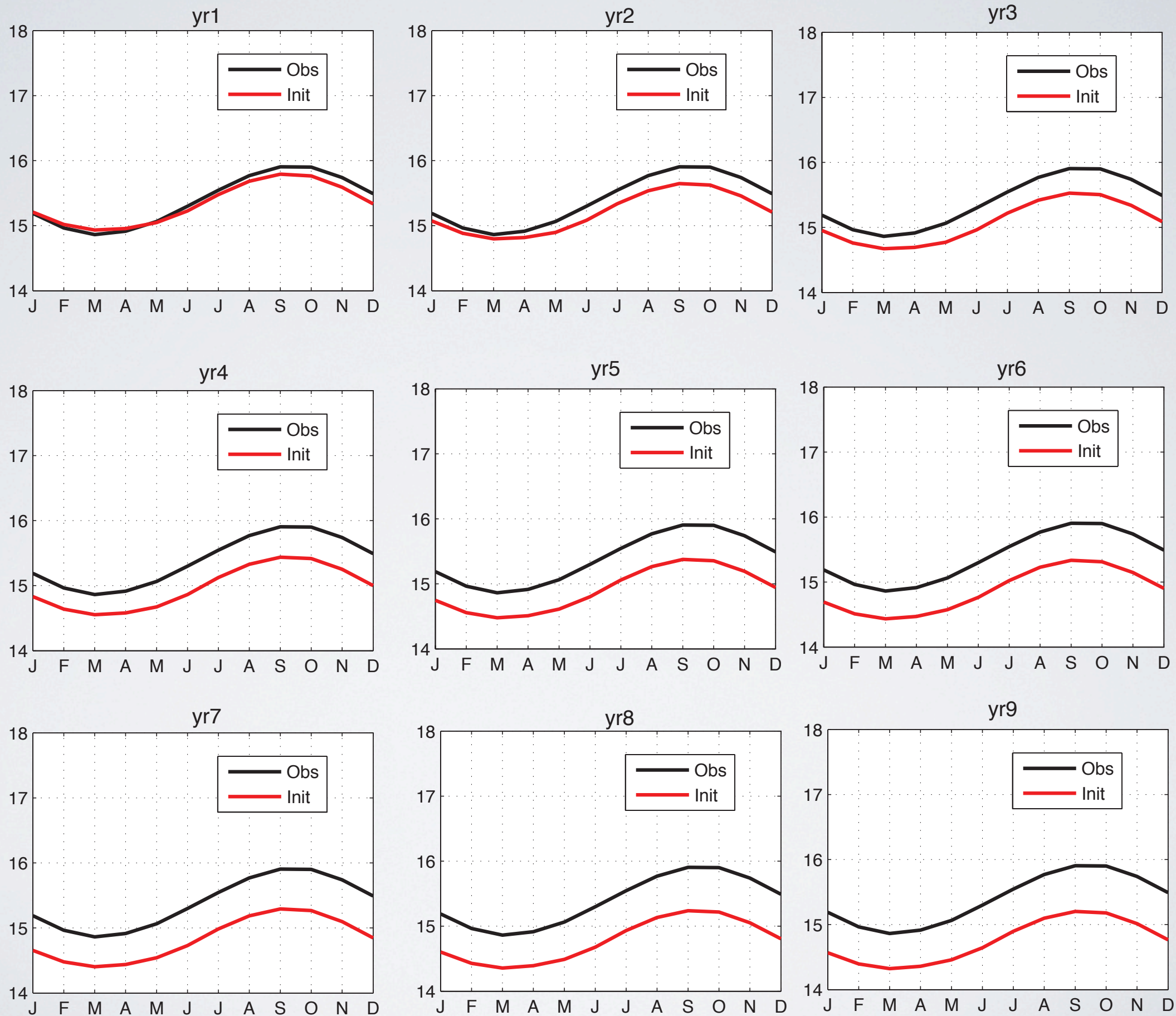
for OHC NATL 30N-60N:

ECDA/NoAssim $r=0.80$

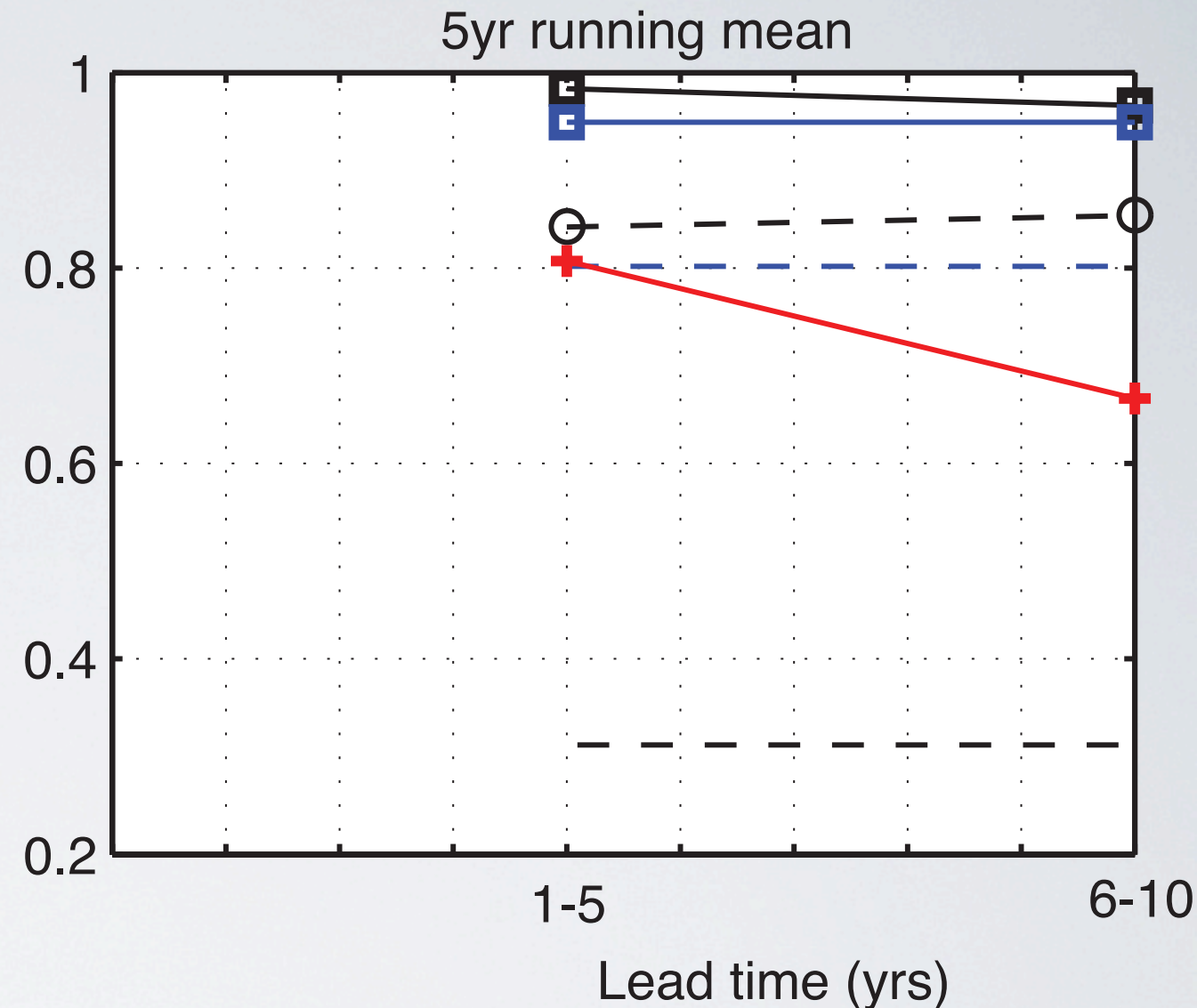
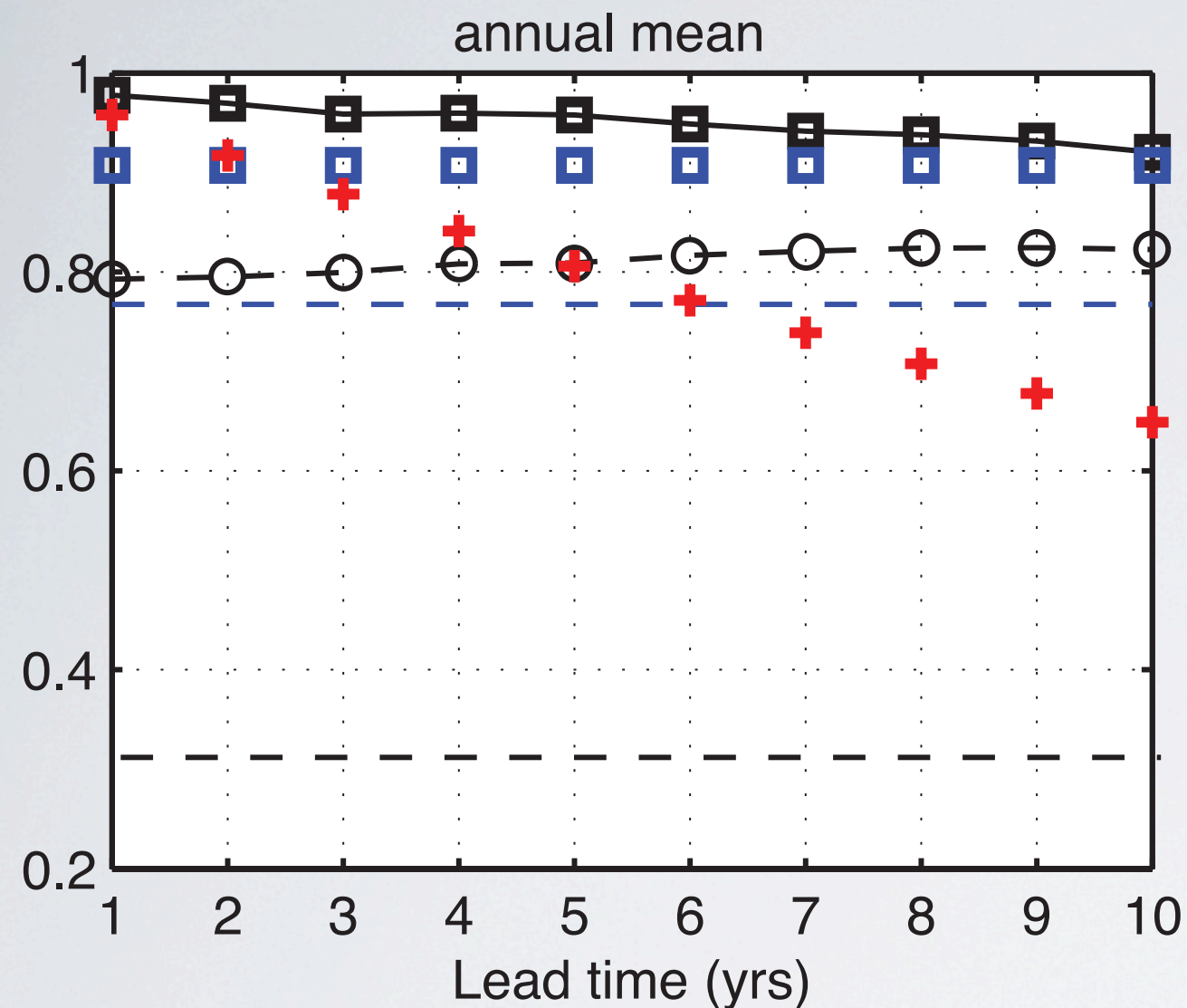
ECDA/Novolcano $r=0.81$

OHC NATL 0-60N: Evolution of the bias with lead time

Annual cycle OHC NATL 0-60N (1986–2005)



Correlation OHC NATL 0N–60N



Hindcasts

Forced (no assim)

Persistence

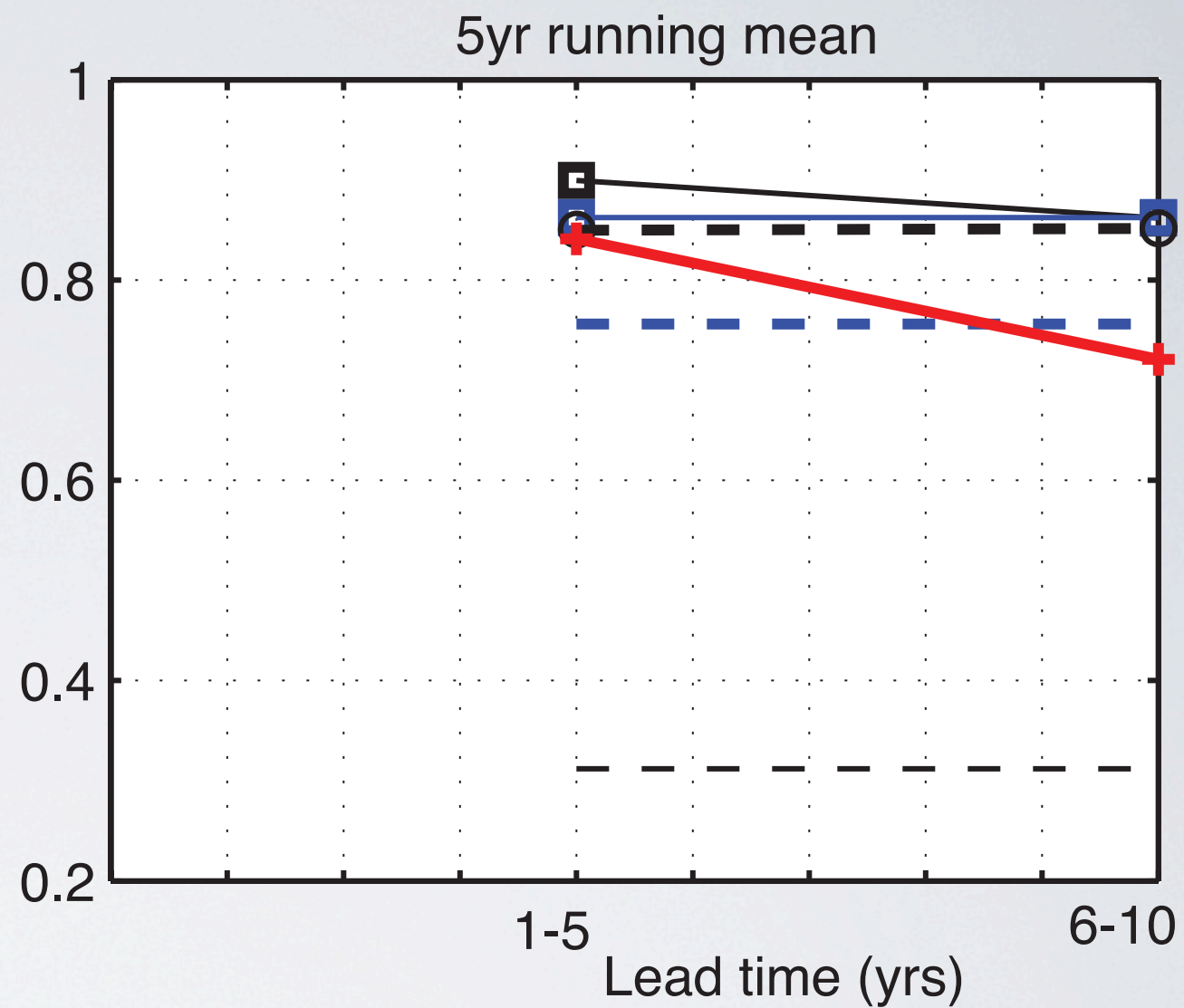
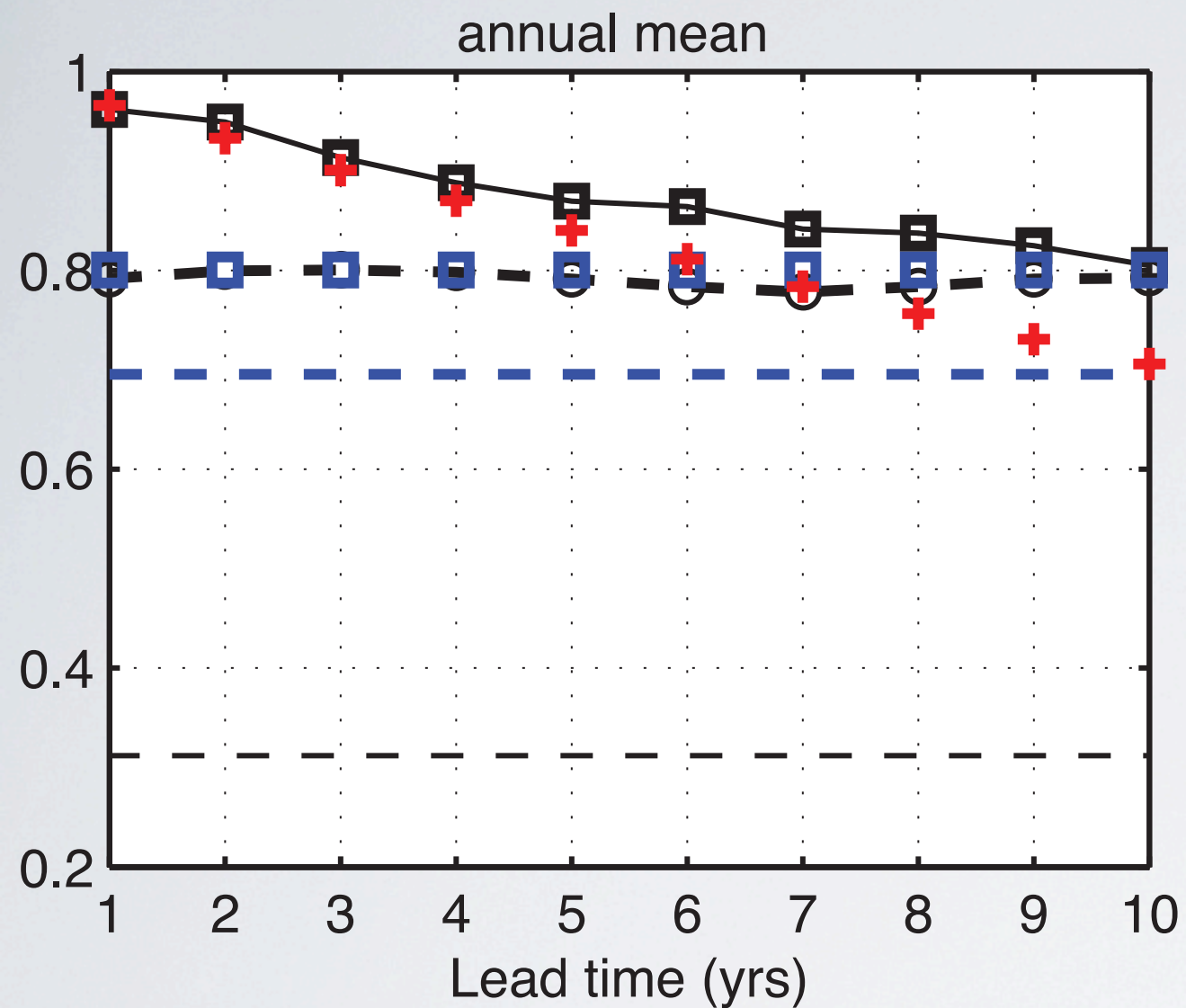
— — — — — significance level



Predictions better than projections for 10 yrs. But comparable with persistence+forcing forecast.

Does it translate into any climatically relevant atmospheric teleconnections (AMO)?

Correlation OHC NATL 30N–60N



Hindcasts

Forced (no assim)

Persistence

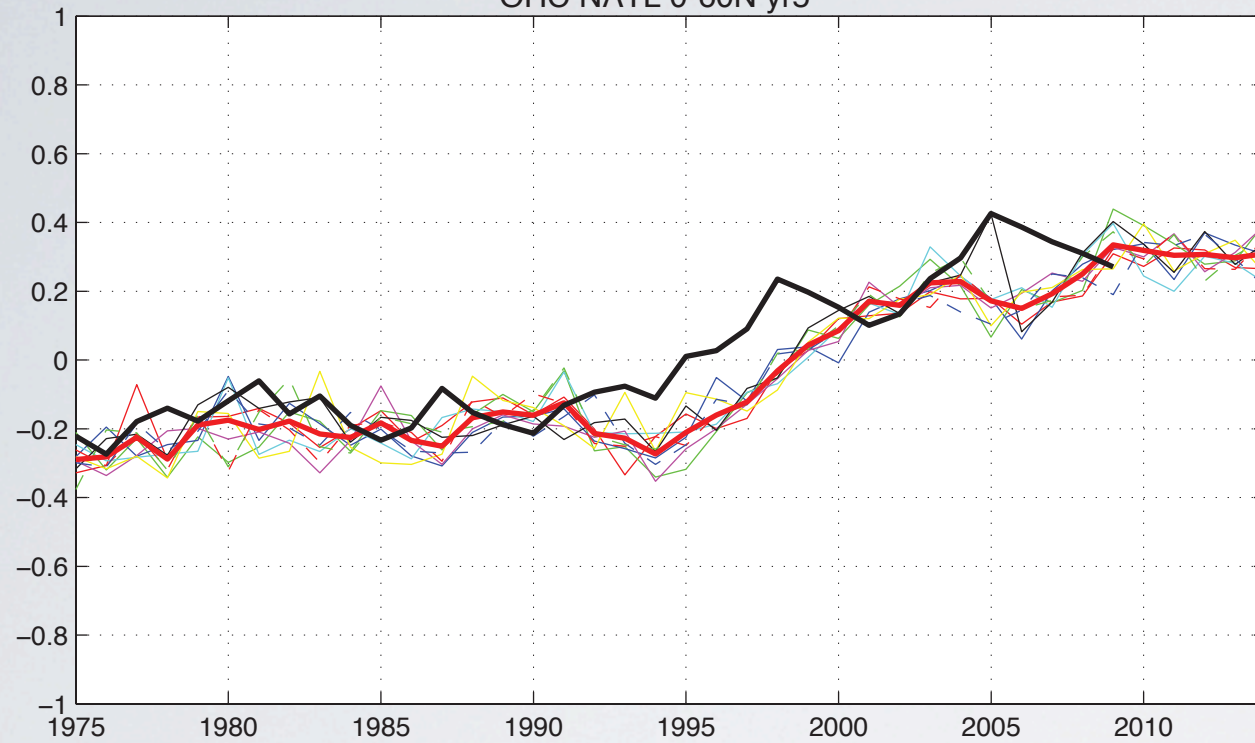
— — — — — significance level

OHC NATL 0-60N

Despite the good correlation, we are not capturing the 1995 signal
Using a 5yr running mean smooths the signal of interest

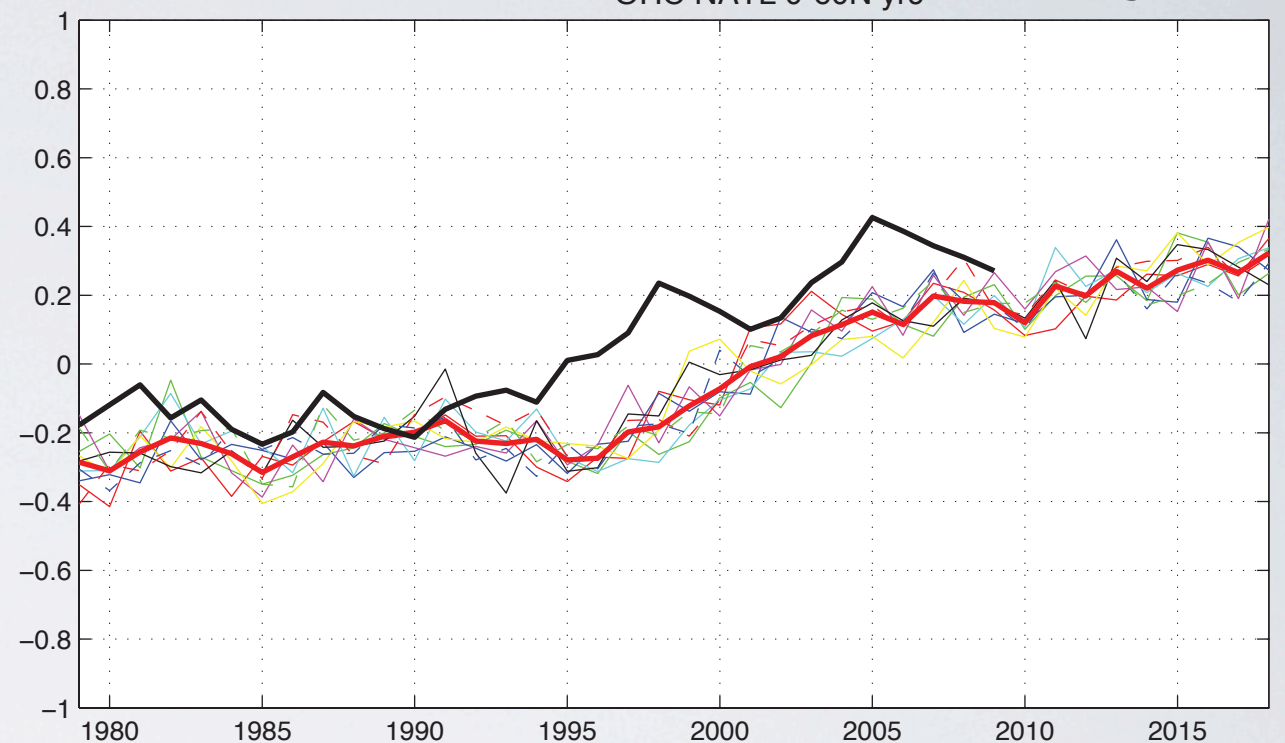
yr 5

OHC NATL 0-60N yr5

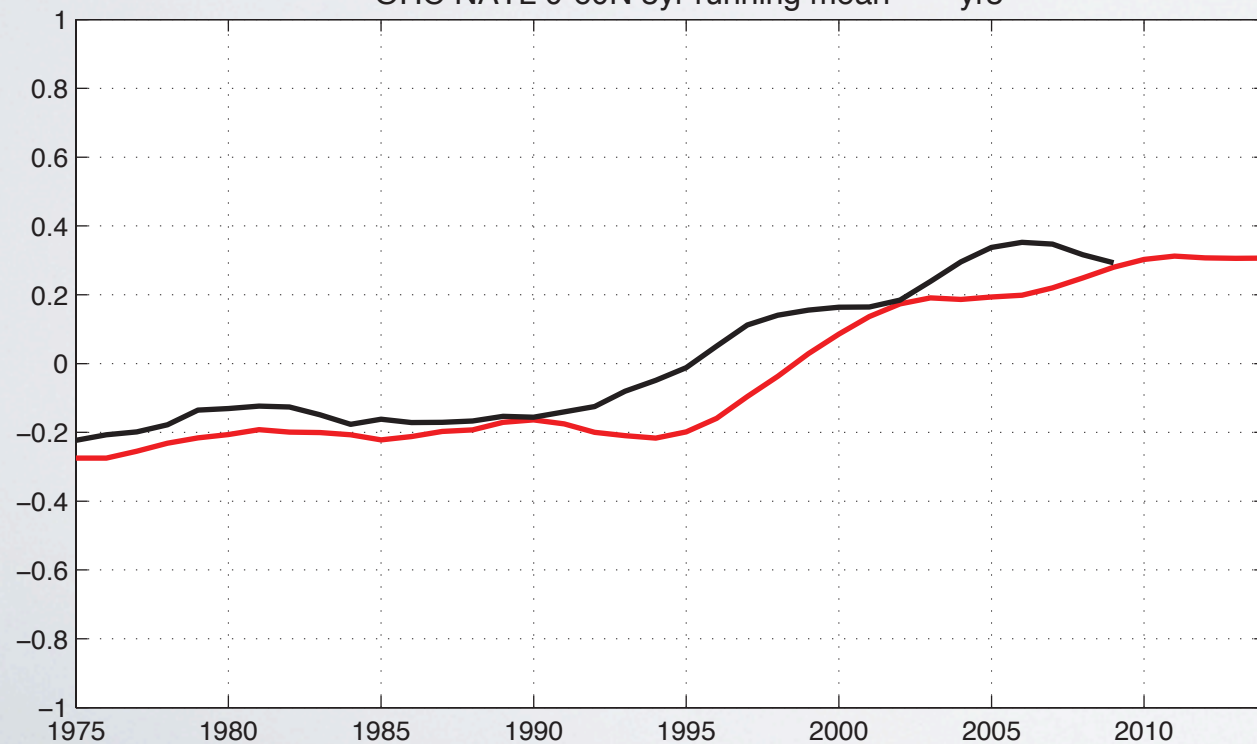


yr 9

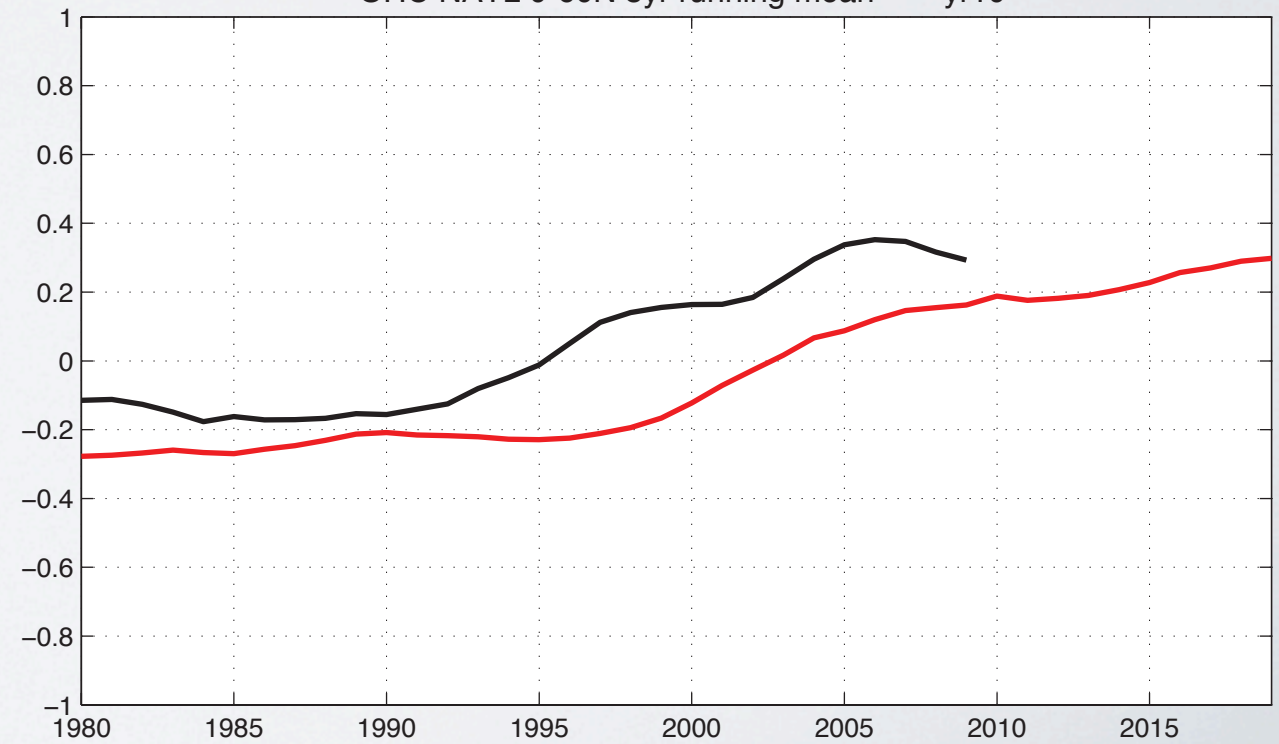
OHC NATL 0-60N yr9



OHC NATL 0-60N 5yr running mean yr5

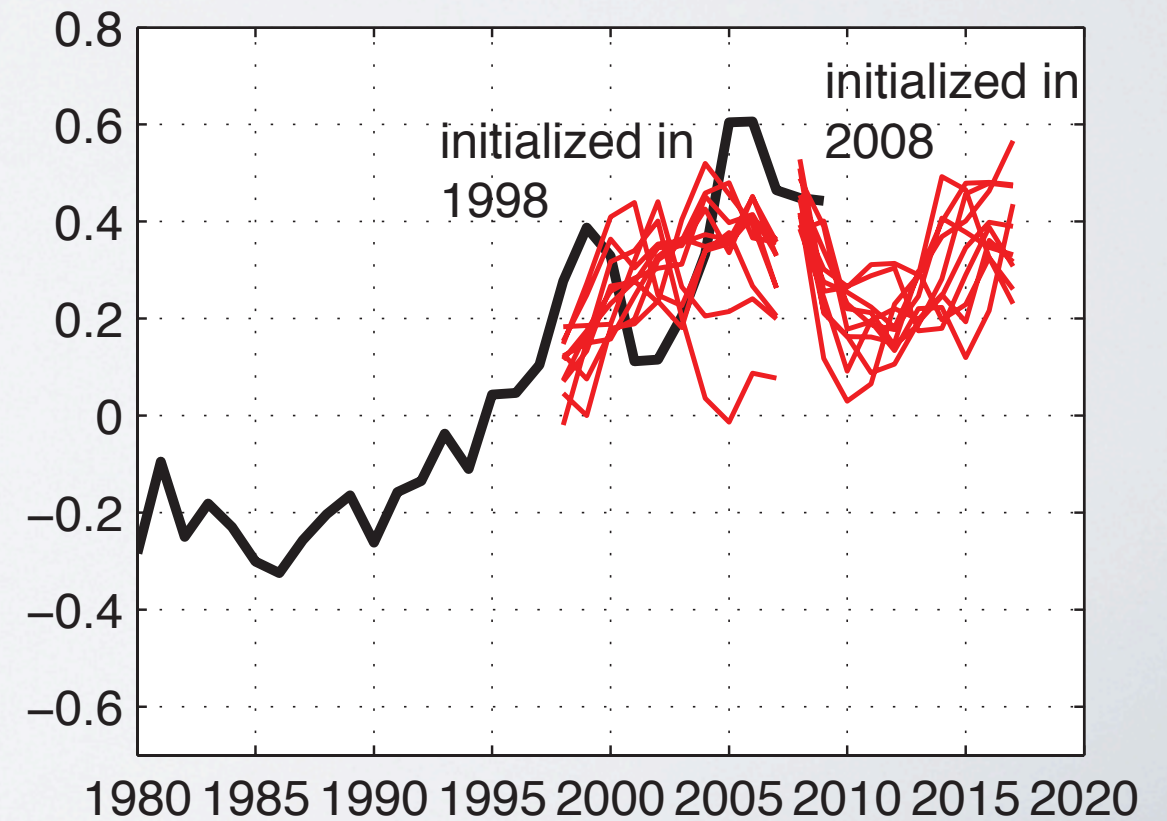
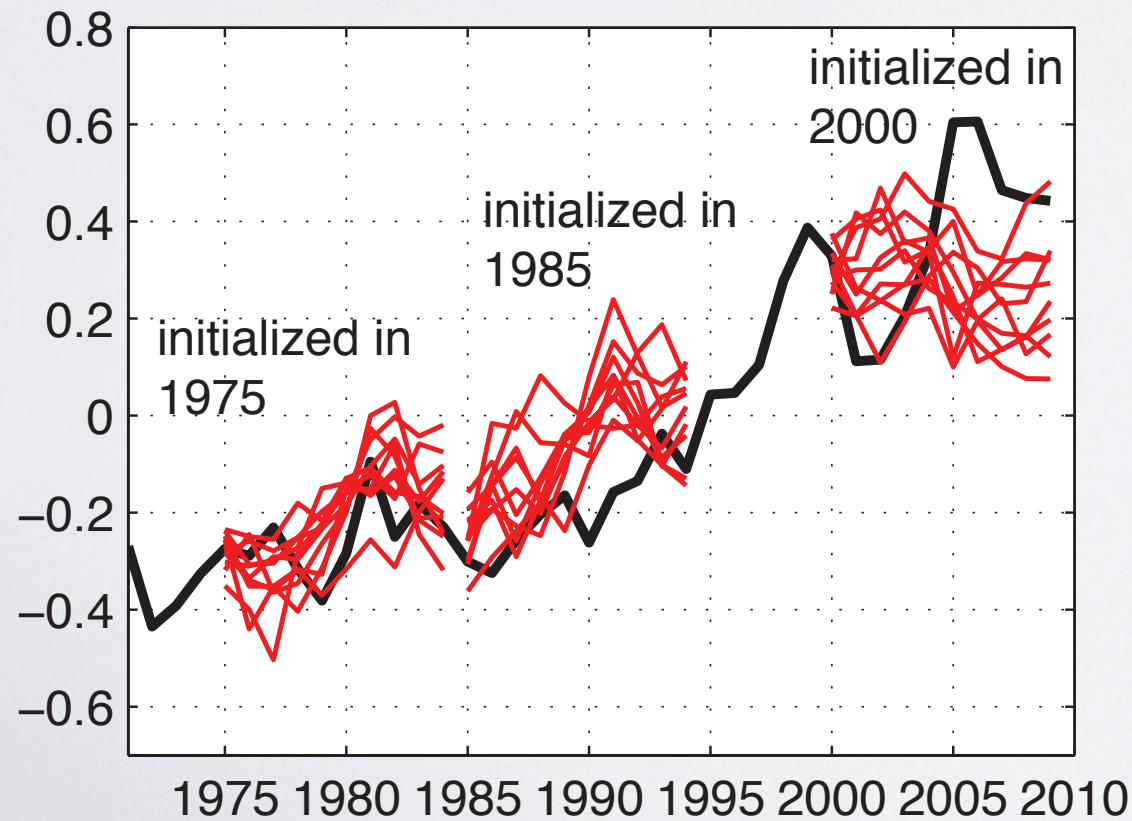
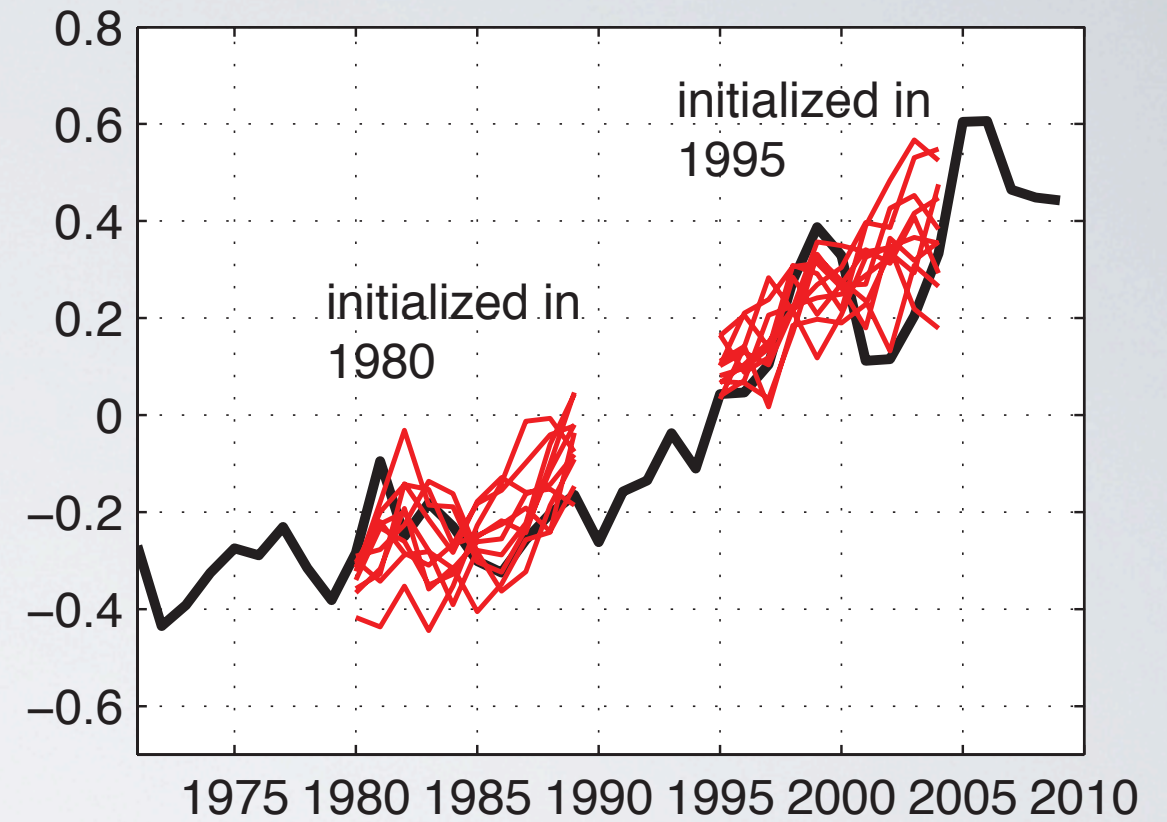
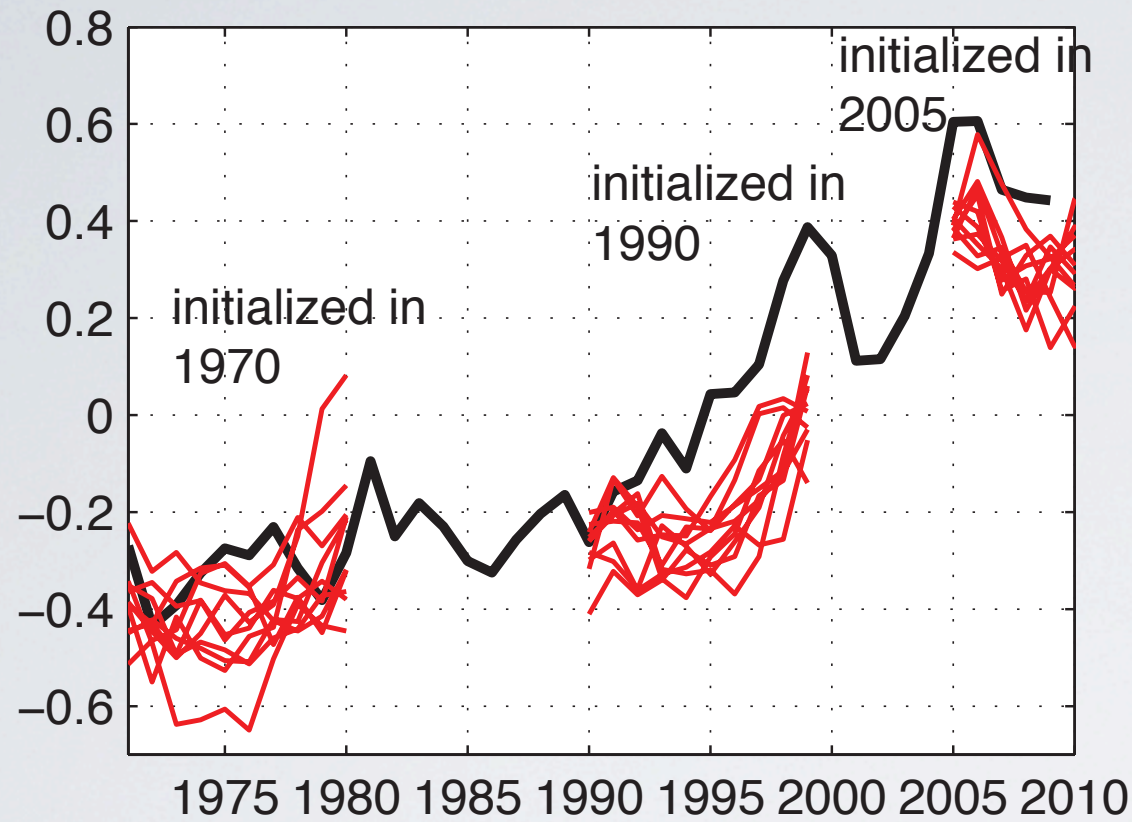


OHC NATL 0-60N 5yr running mean yr10



Are there initial states more predictable than others?

OHC NATL 30N60N



What forced the 1995 warming?

Hypothesis

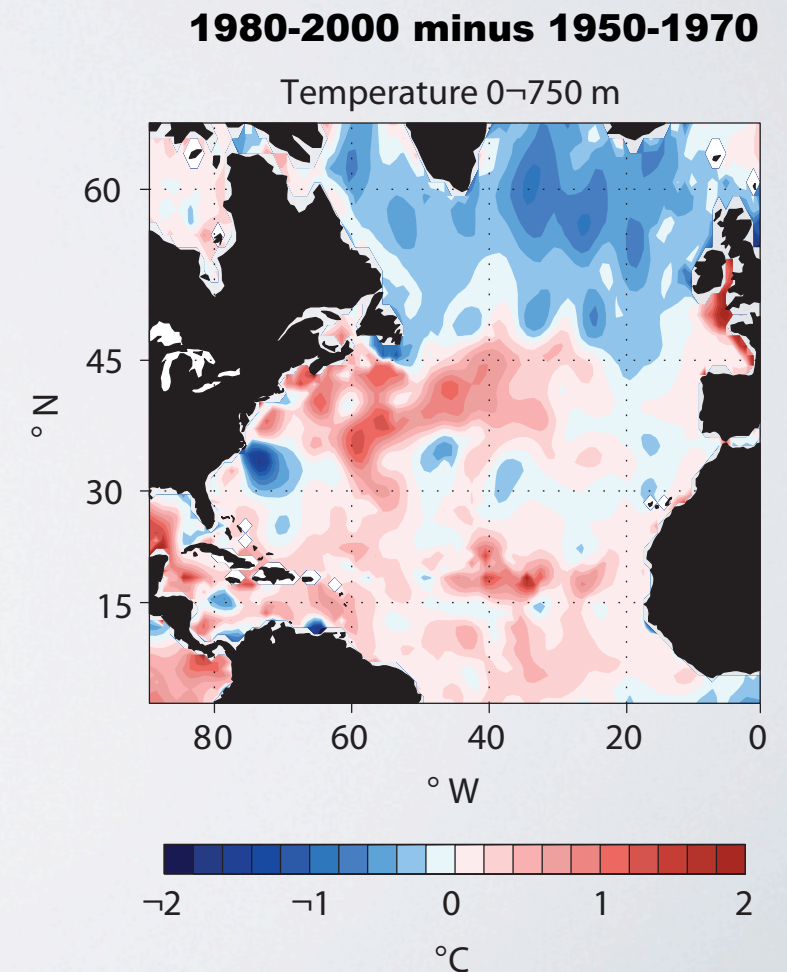
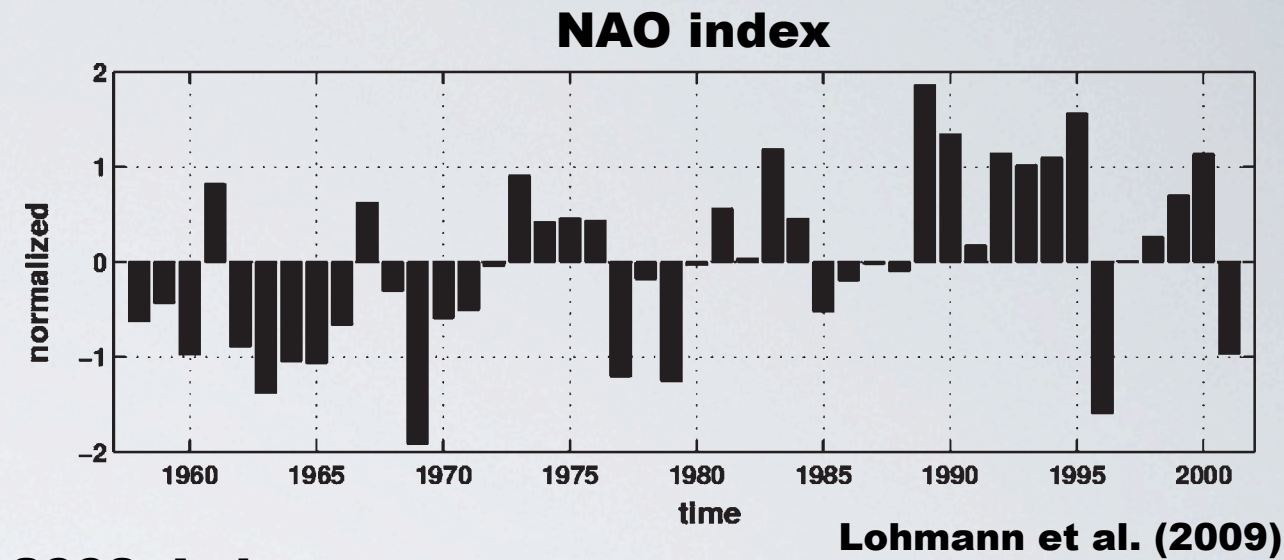
Warming of NATL partly forced by NAO (Lozier et al. 2008, Lohmann et al. 2009)

Persistent + NAO before 1995 => cooling subpolar gyre => spin up and deep water formation => AMOC intensification => increased MHT => warming SPG

Winter 95/96: switch to NAO -, maximum warming of SPG. Lagged response?

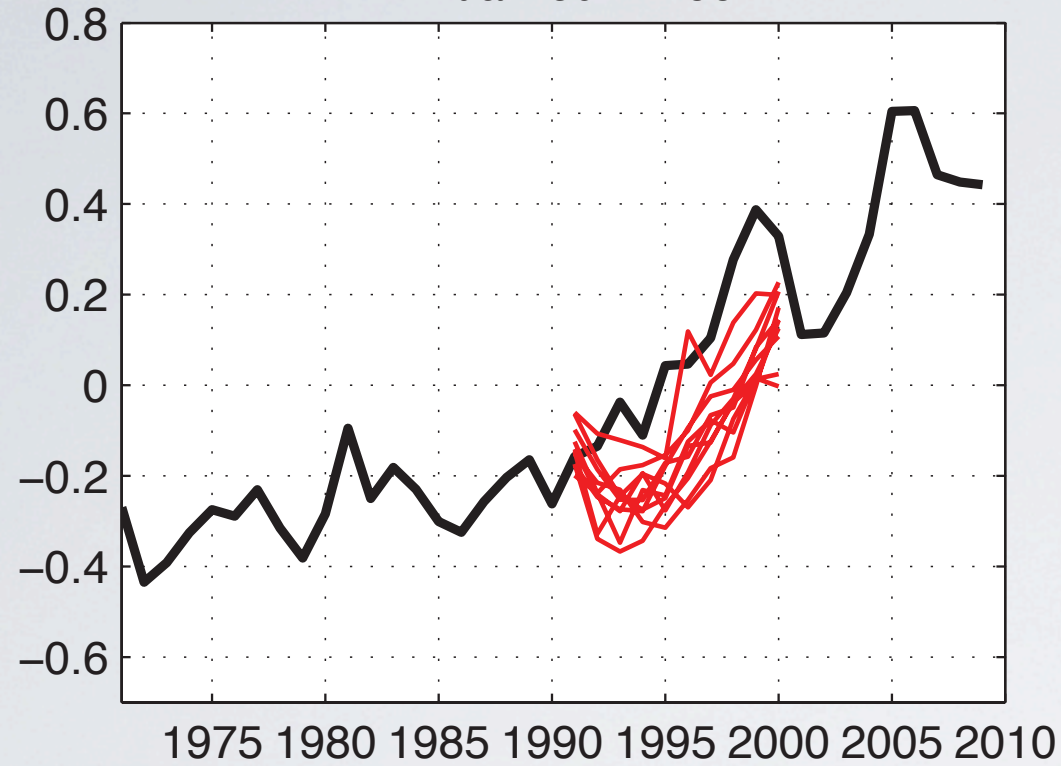
Neutral NAO after 96 and persistent warming suggests other influence than just NAO fluxes: anthropogenic CO2?

Are we able to initialize properly the model to capture these dynamic changes?

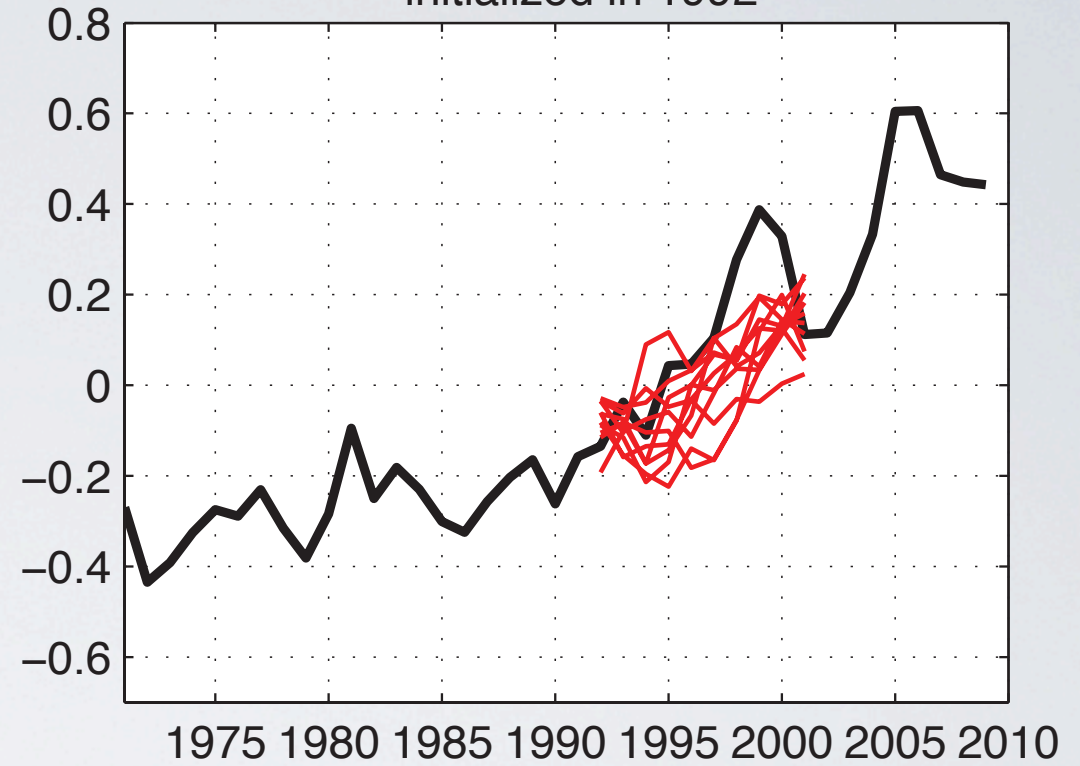


OHC NATL 30N60N

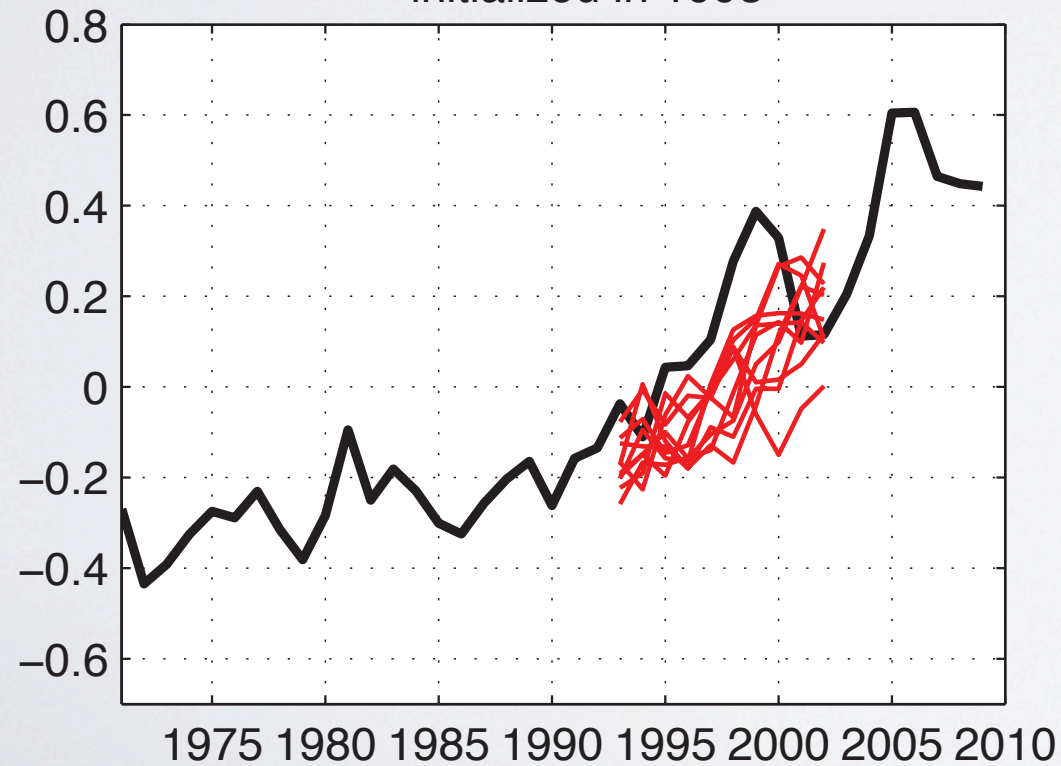
initialized in 1991



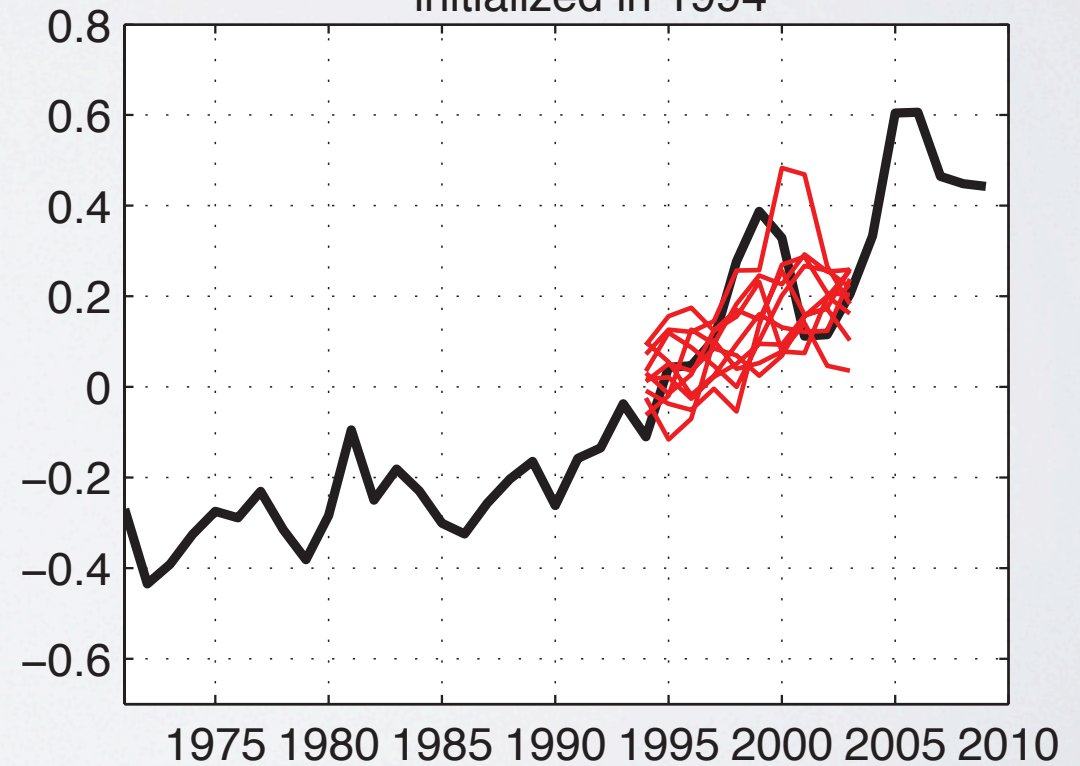
initialized in 1992



initialized in 1993



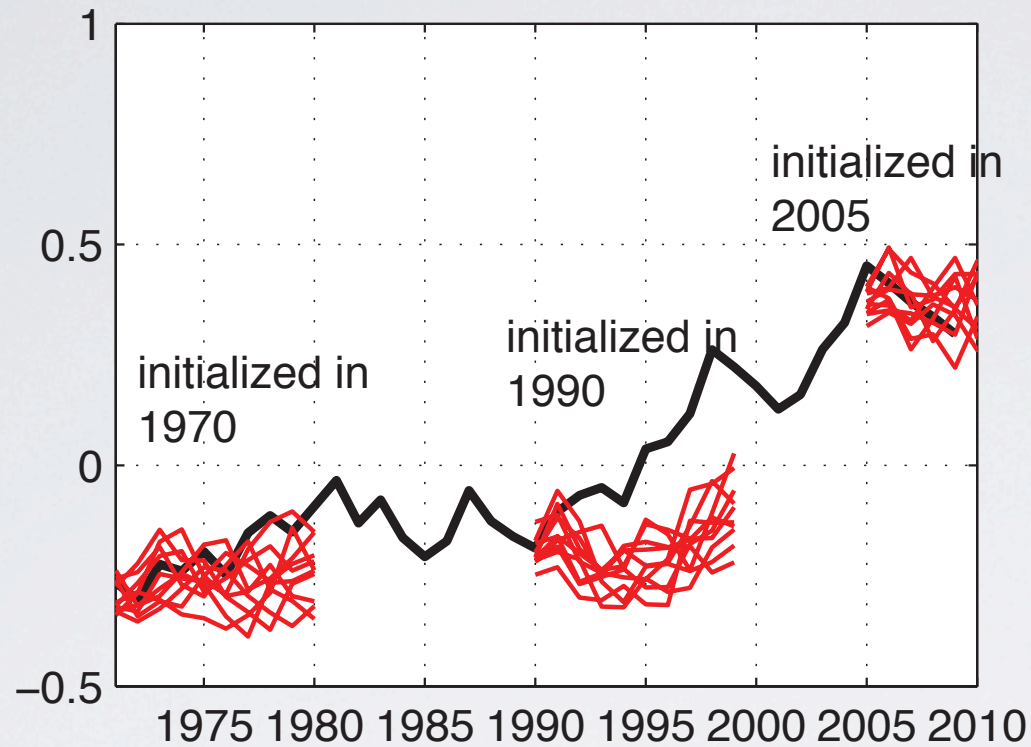
initialized in 1994



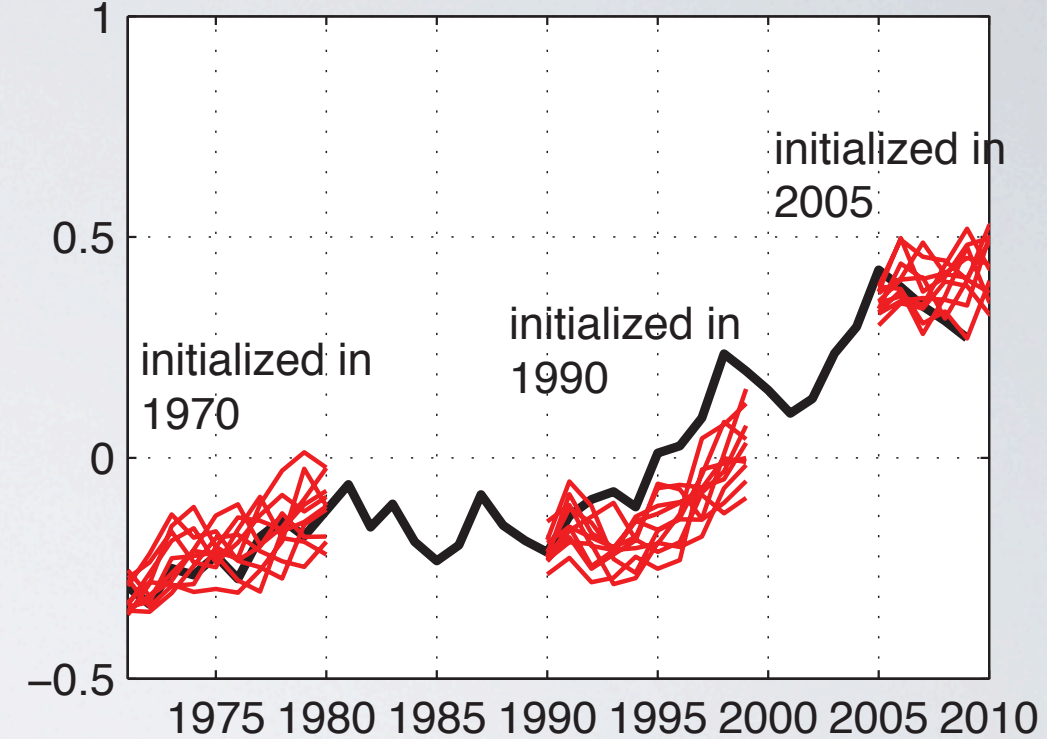
The choice of the climatology does matter !

(Robson et al. (2011))

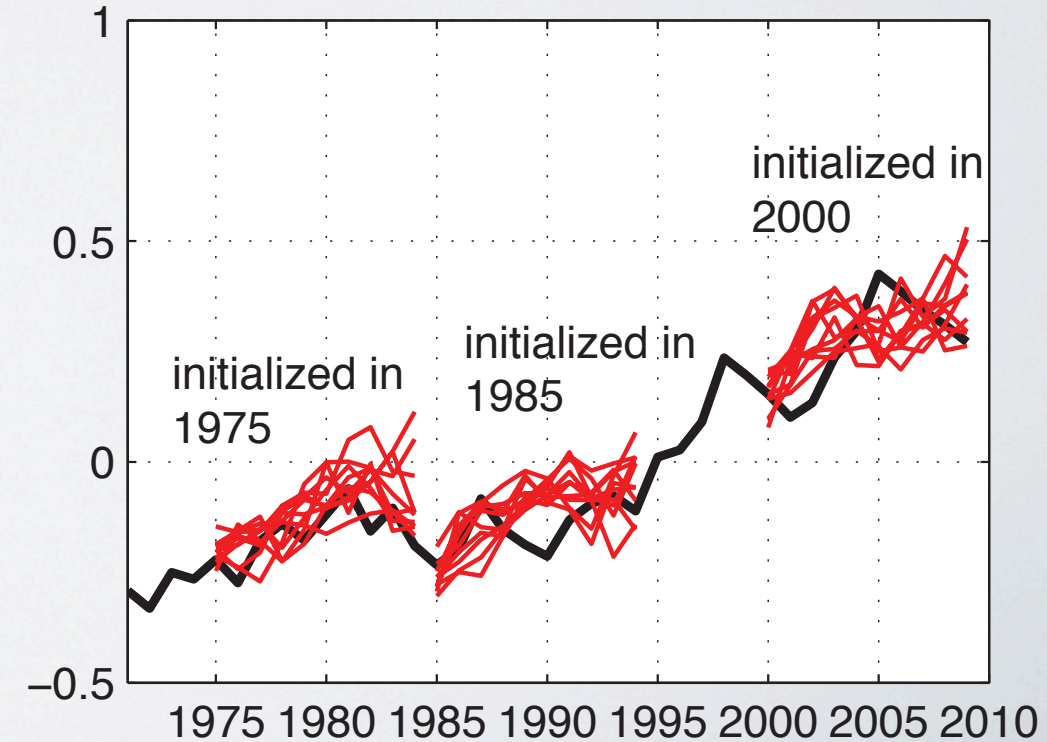
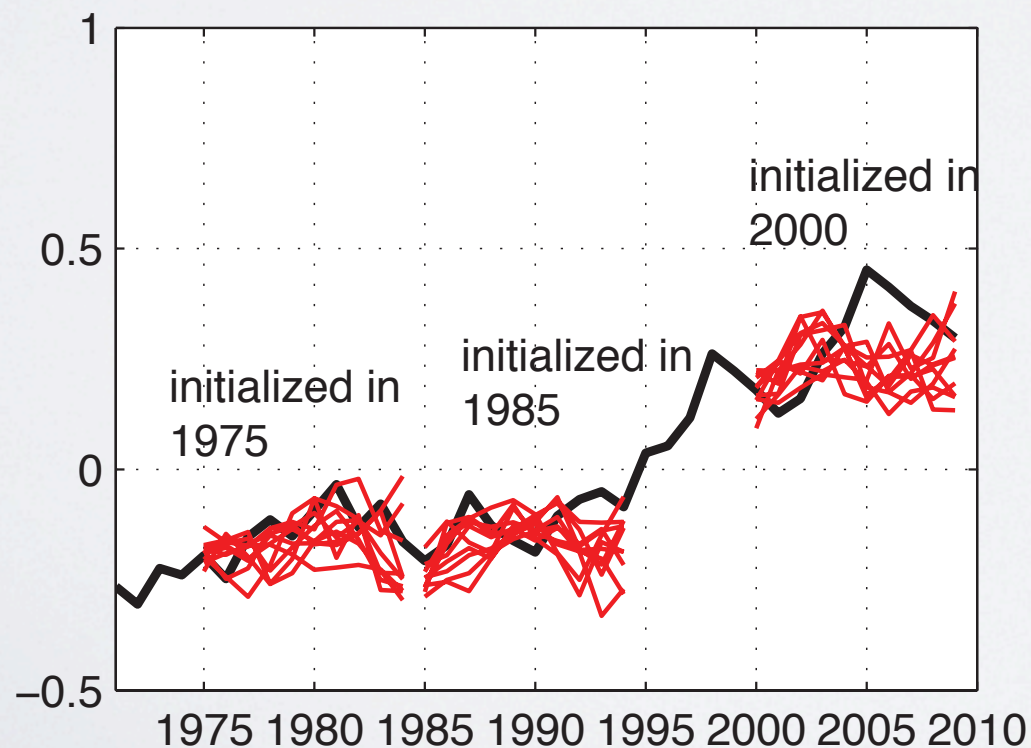
moving climatology



1986-2005 climatology



Significant changes in the observing system (XBTs, ARGO): how do we take them into account to get the most reliable mean state?



Conclusions

The North Atlantic appears as a region where initialization might bring increased skill compared with non-initialized projections.

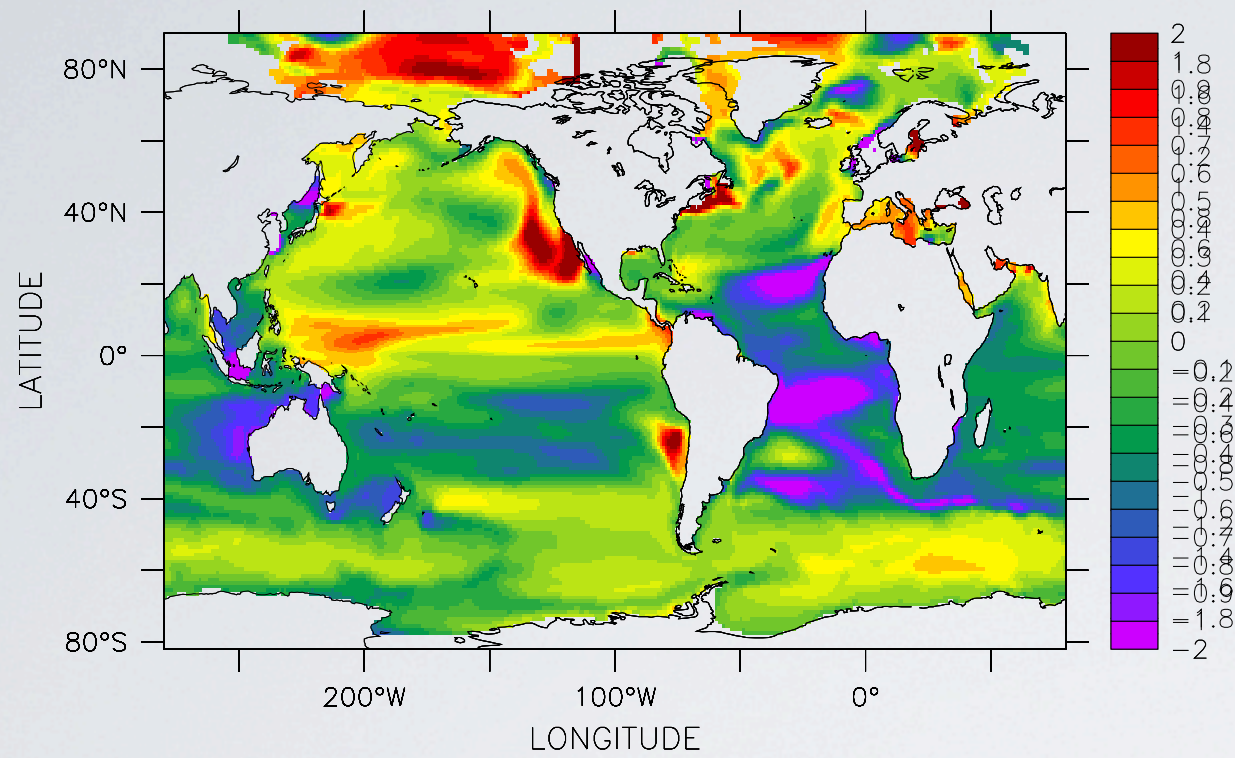
The origin of that possible increased skill and the role of volcanoes (and other noise) needs to be assessed.

Having a very high correlation does not mean that we predict the trend accurately or we capture the signal of interest (the “wiggles” in OHC)

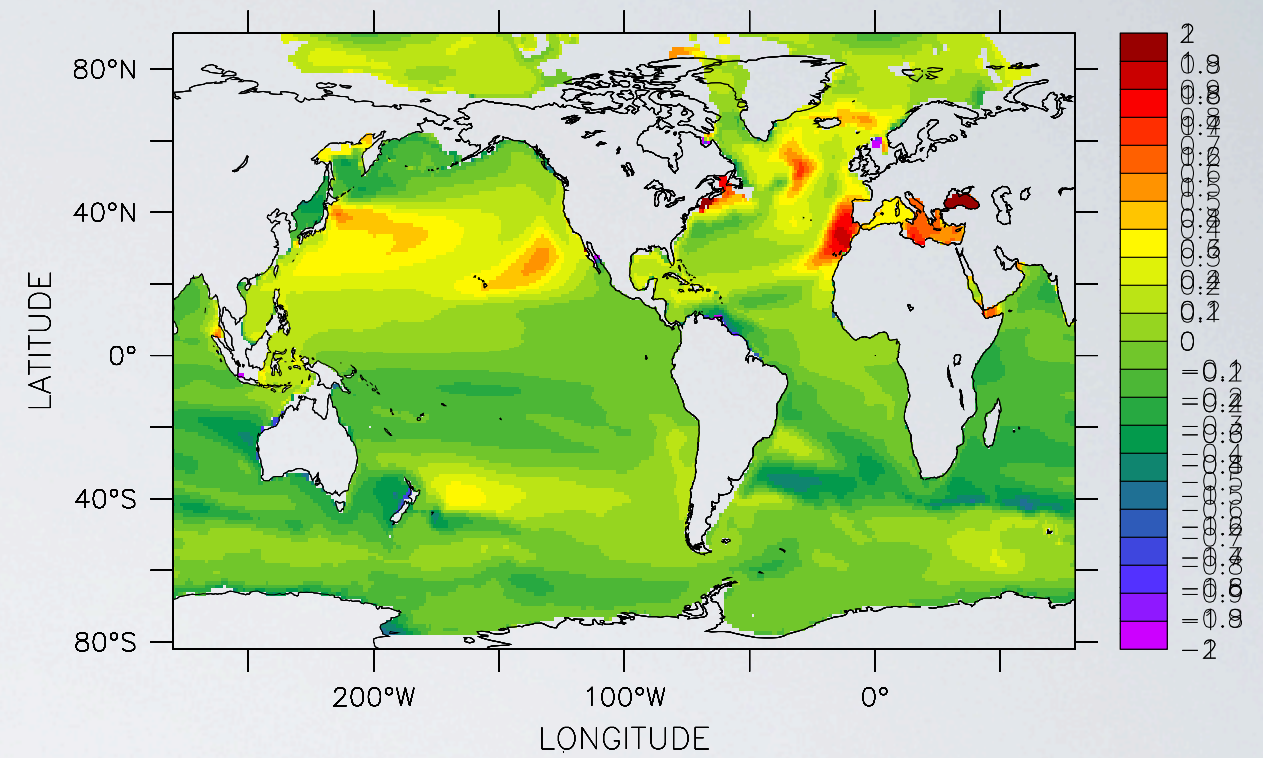
We are looking for signals that are very small: case studies like the 1995 North Atlantic warming should be a case study in single and multi-models

Challenges to overcome model drifts and discontinuities in the observing system.

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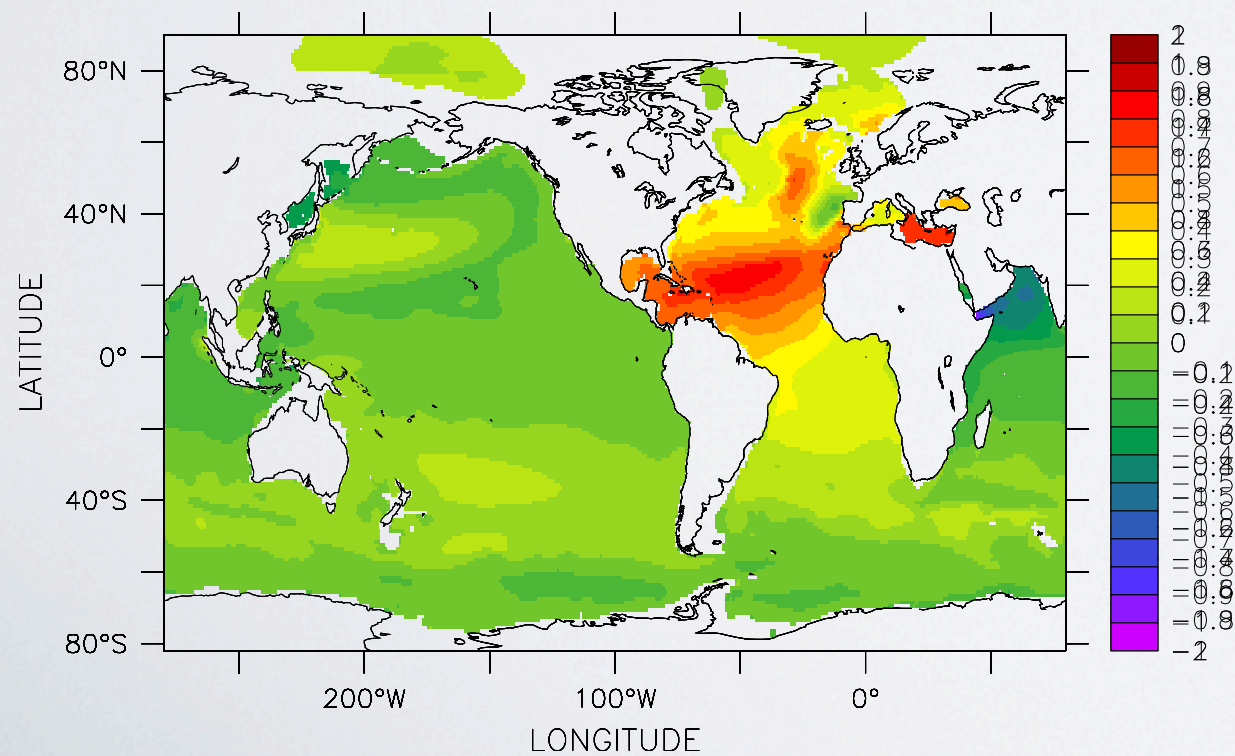


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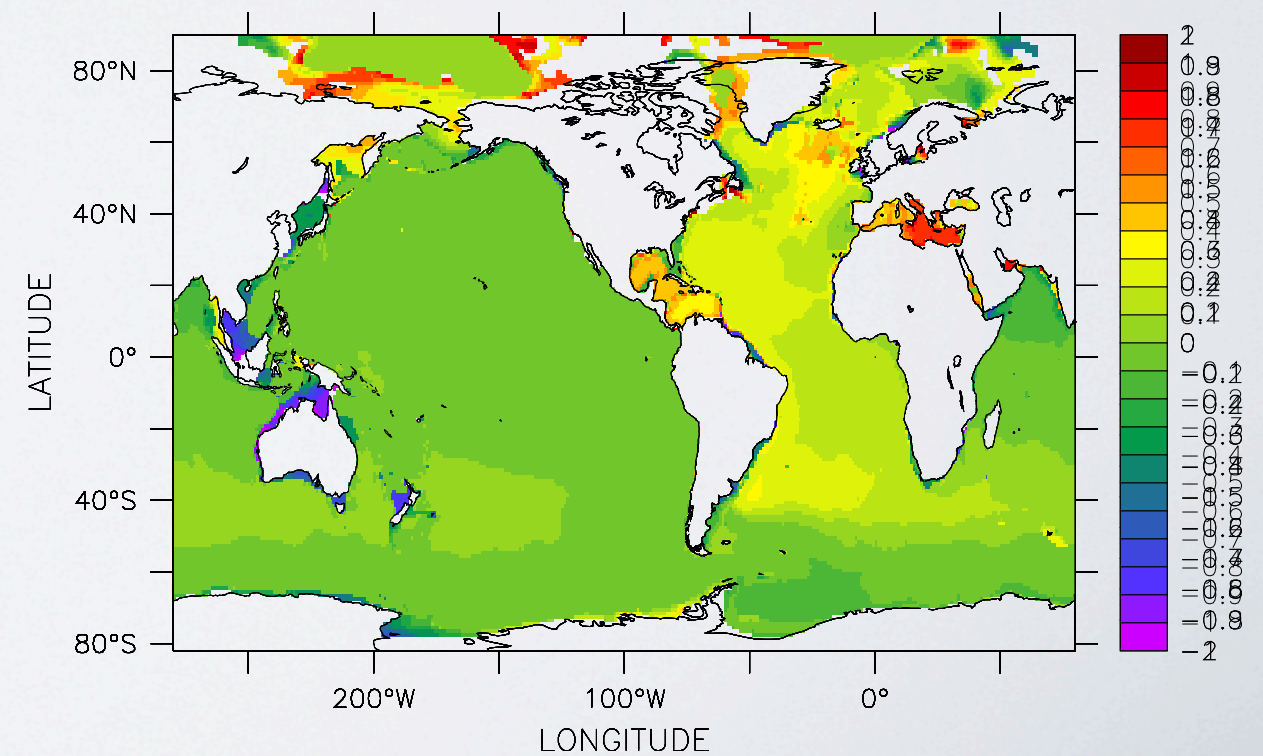


CM2.1 FWC biases (control minus ECDA)

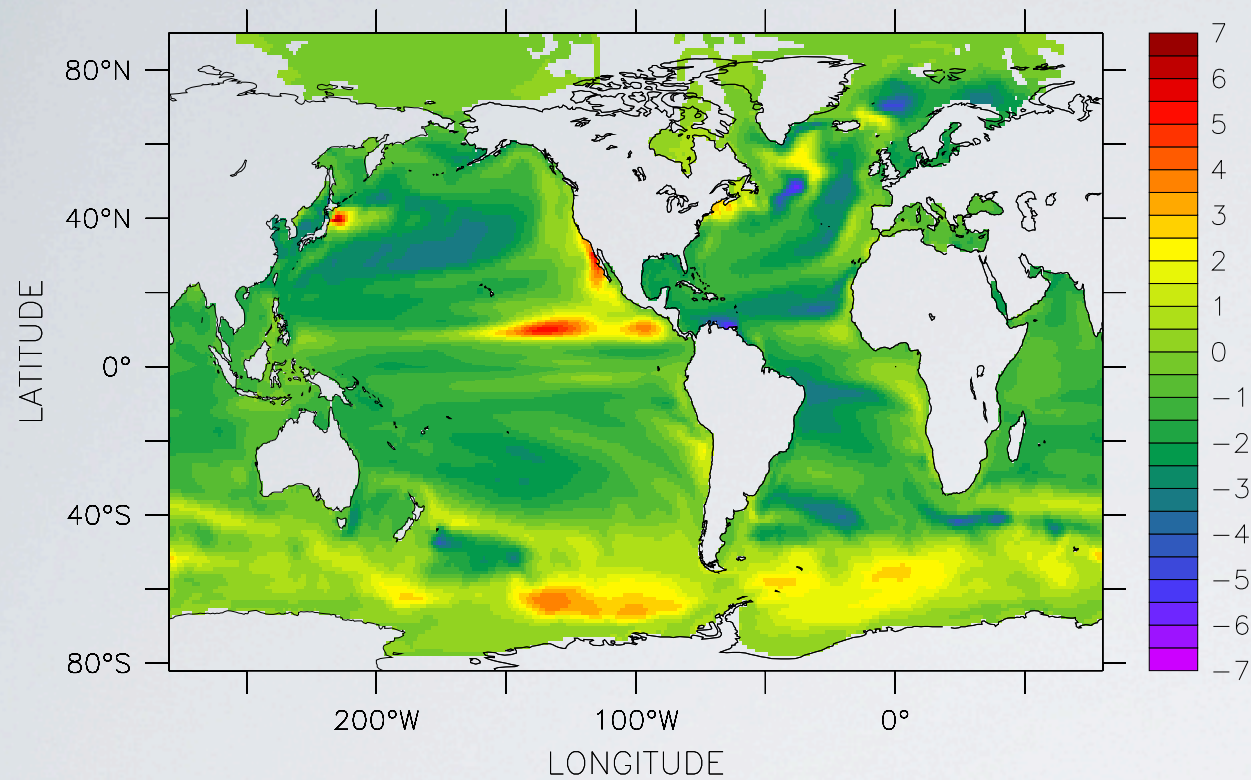
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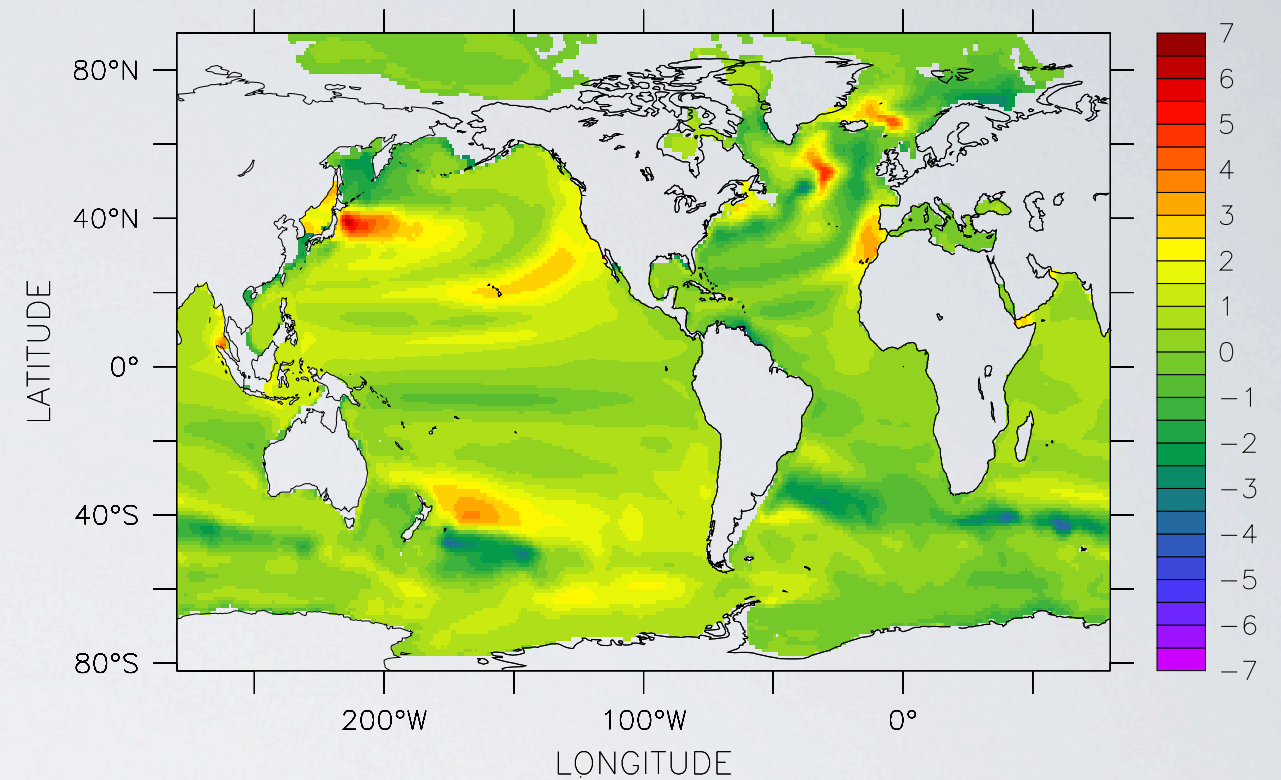
DEPTH (m) : 1200 to 3000
TIME : 01-JAN-0801 00:00 to 01-JAN-0901 00:00 JULIAN



DEPTH (m) : 1 to 100
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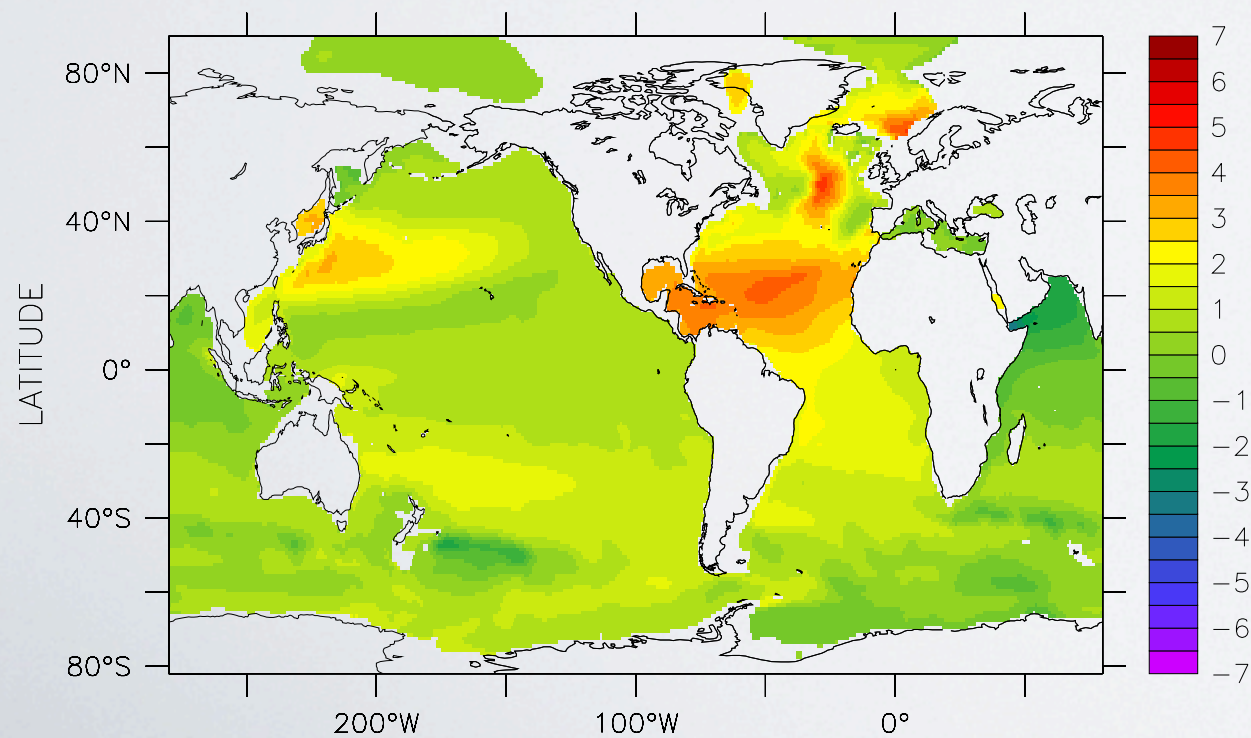
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CM2.1 OHC biases (control minus ECDA)

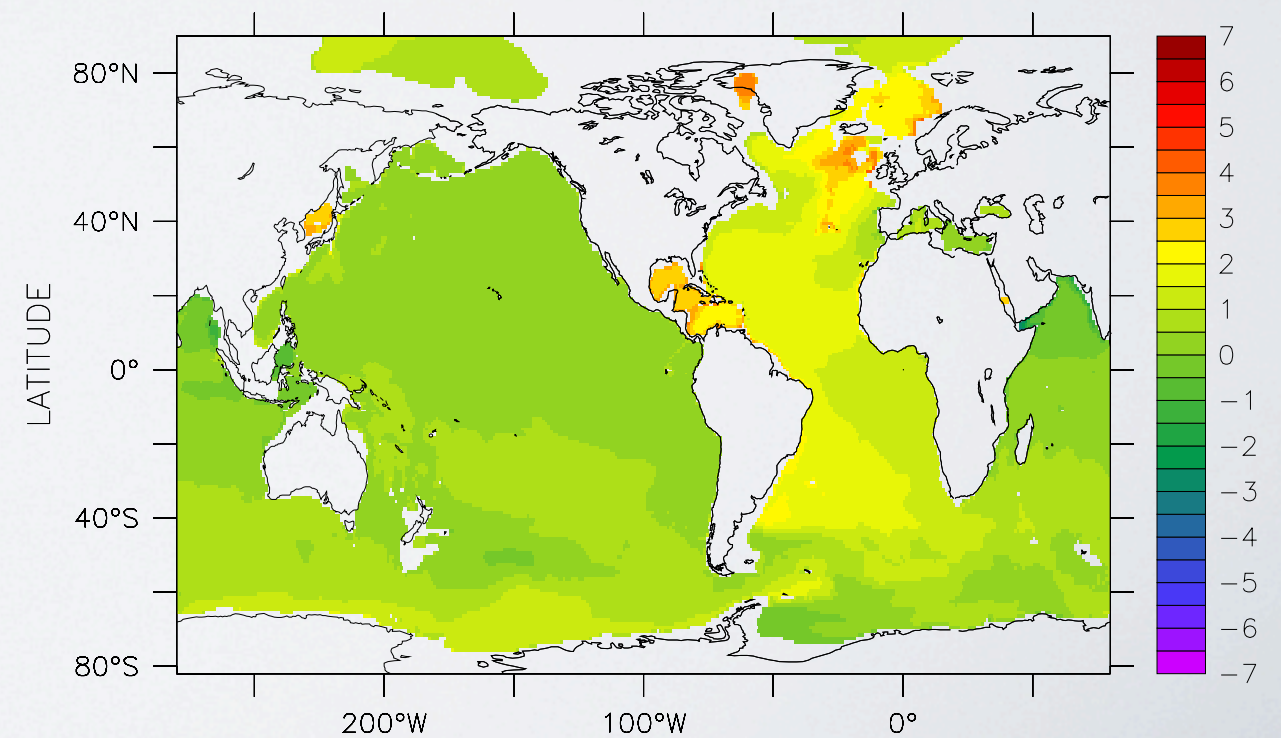
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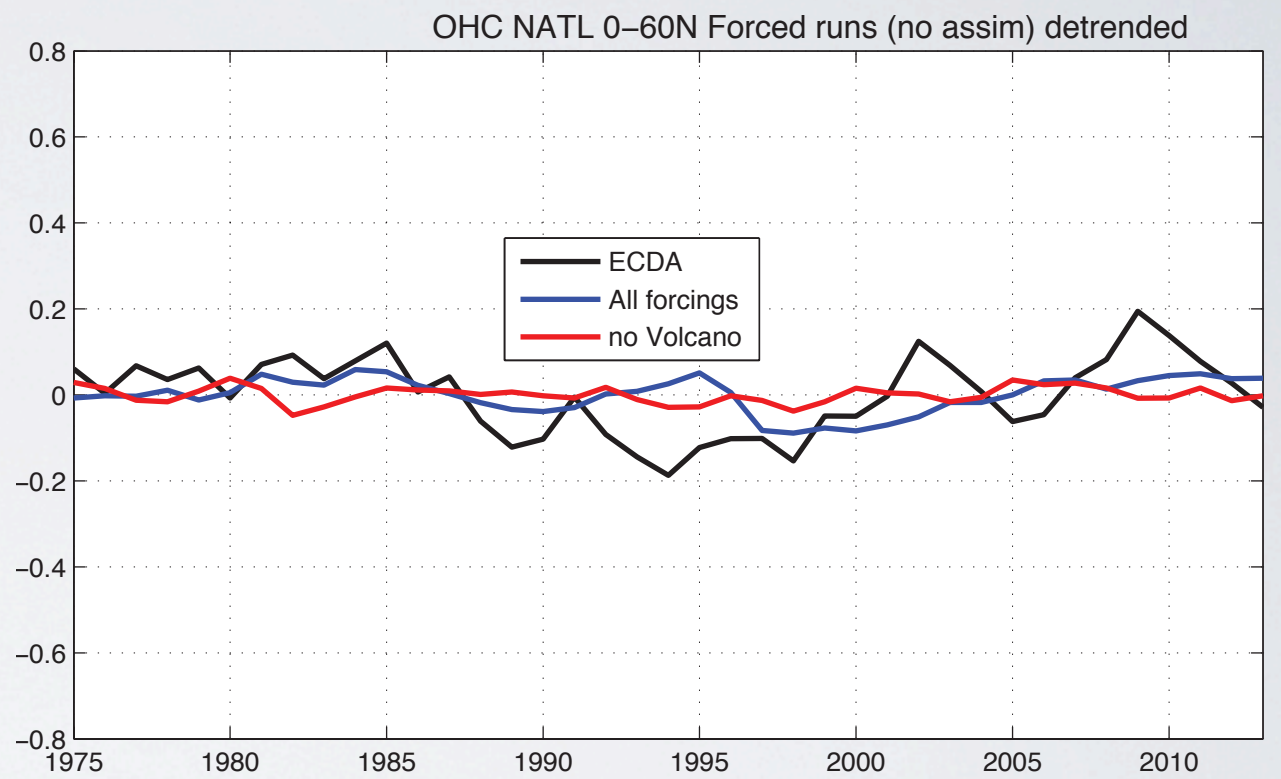
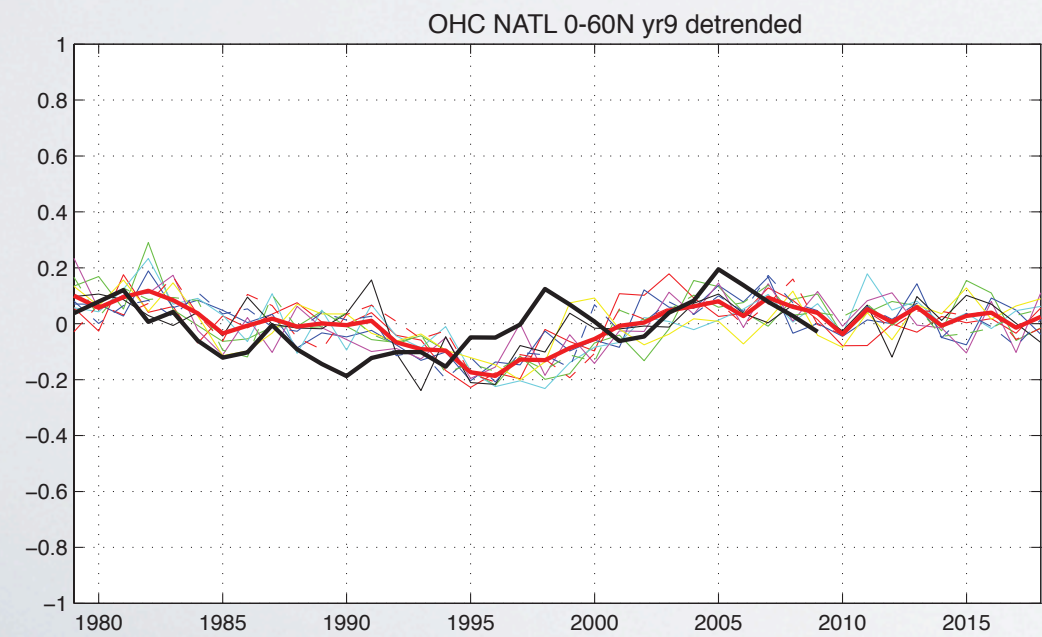
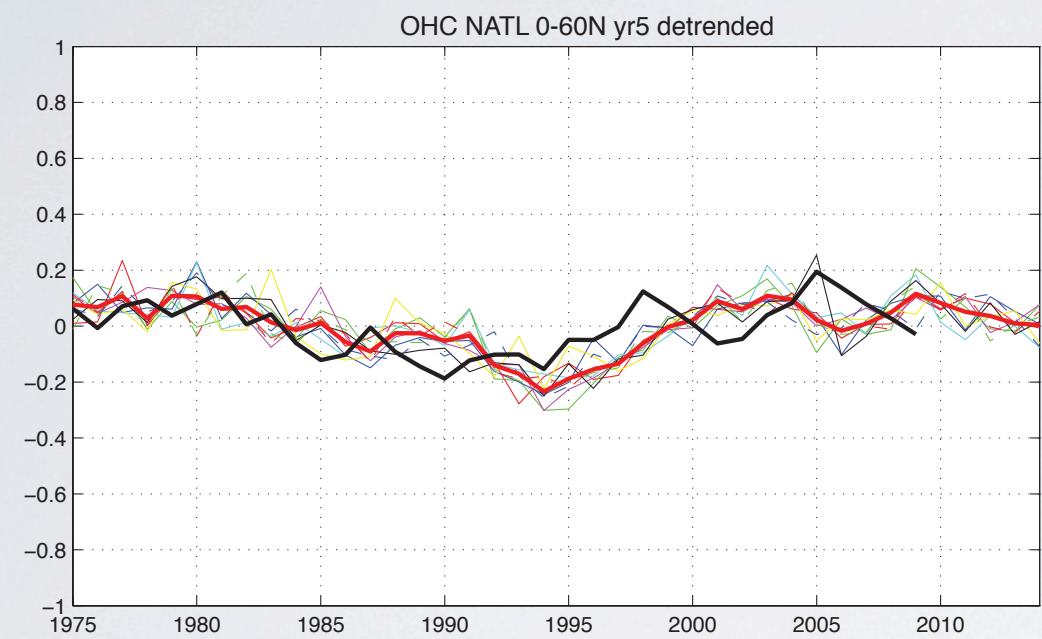
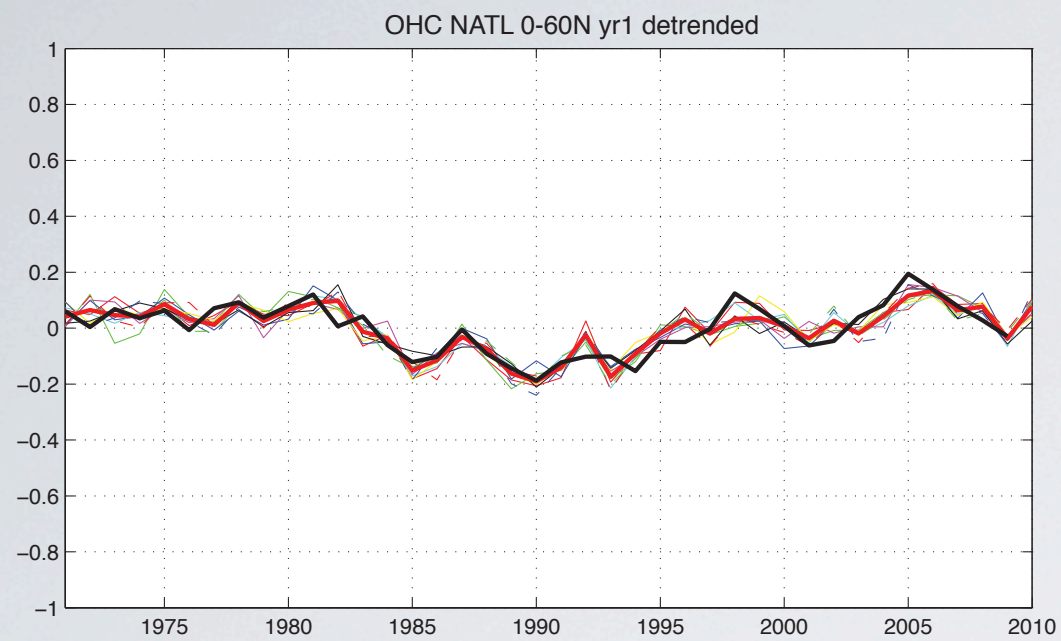
FERRET Ver. 6.401
NOAA/PMEL TMAP
Jun 22 2011 12:04:48



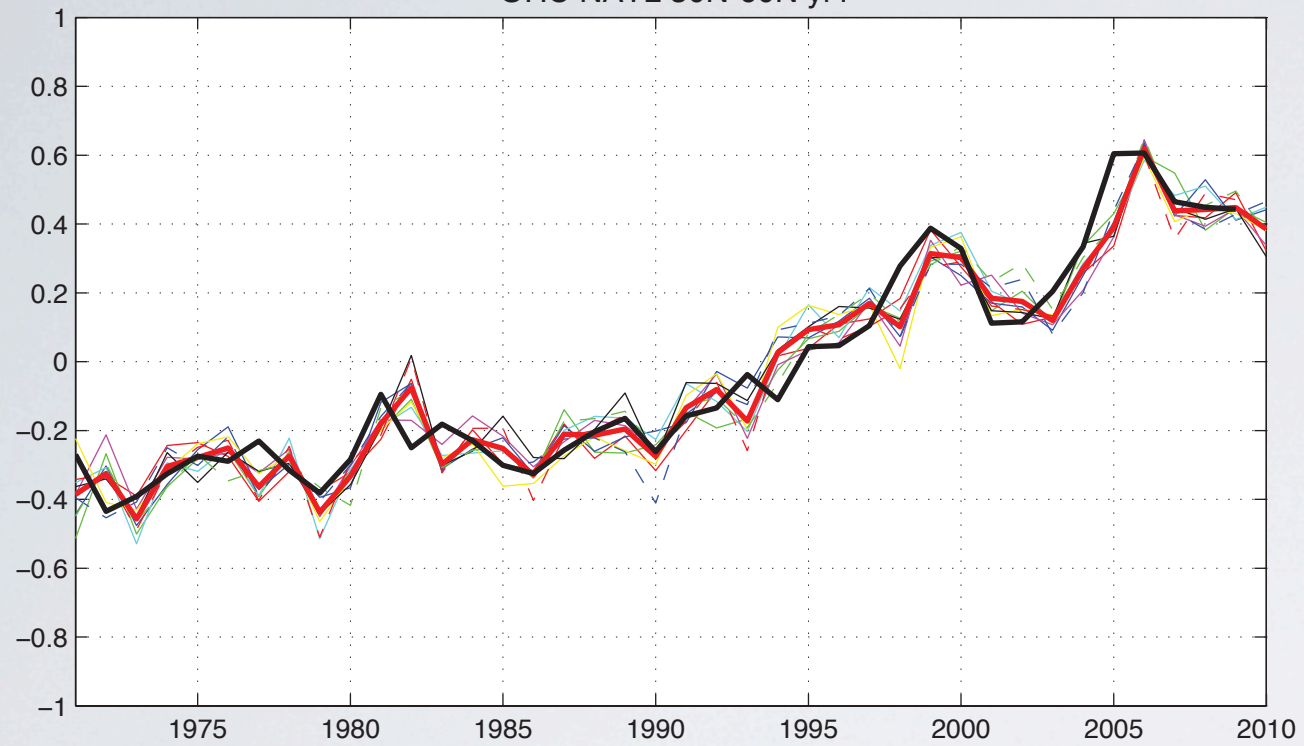
DEPTH (m) : 1200 to 3000
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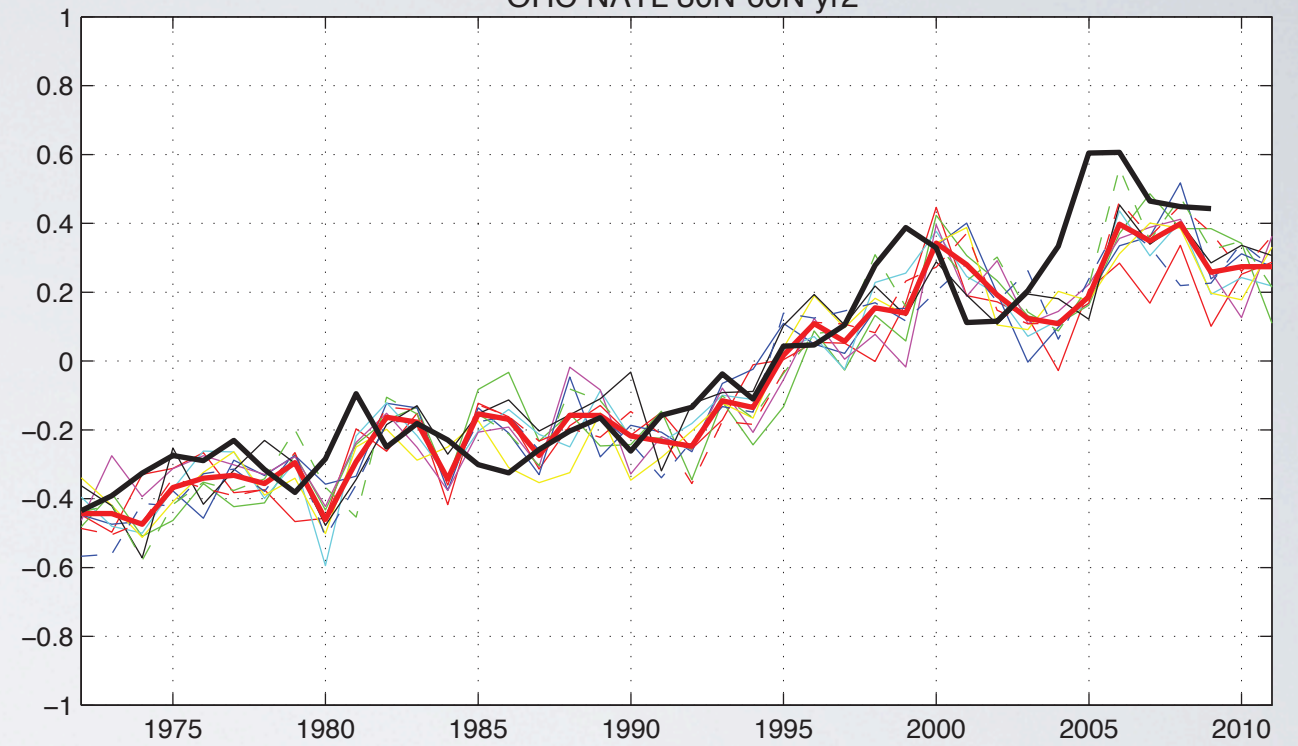




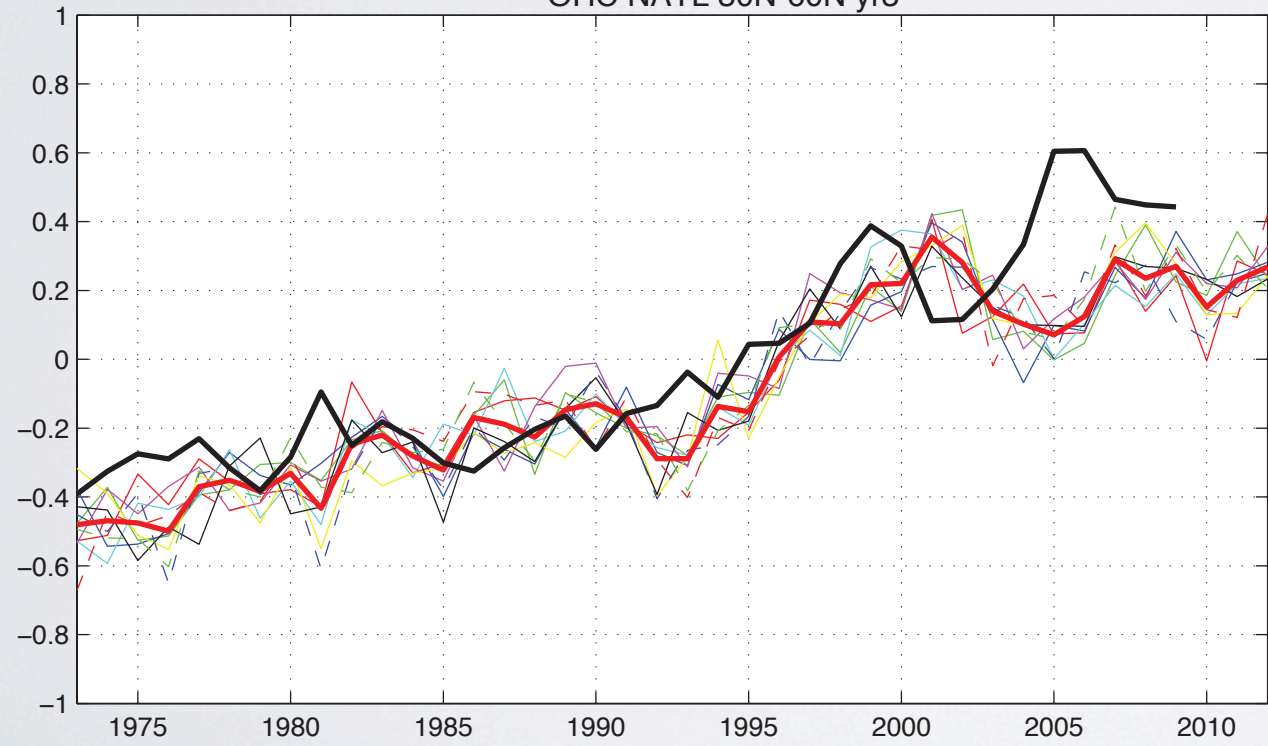
OHC NATL 30N-60N yr1



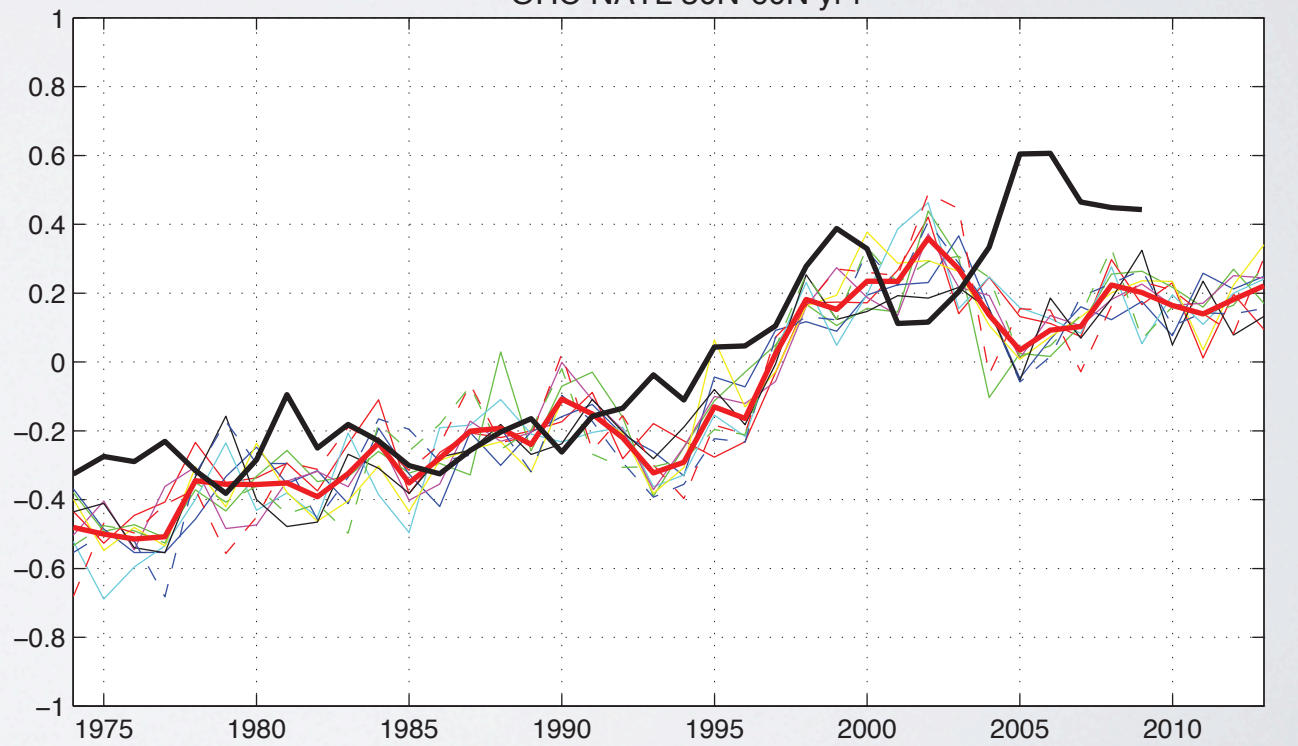
OHC NATL 30N-60N yr2



OHC NATL 30N-60N yr3

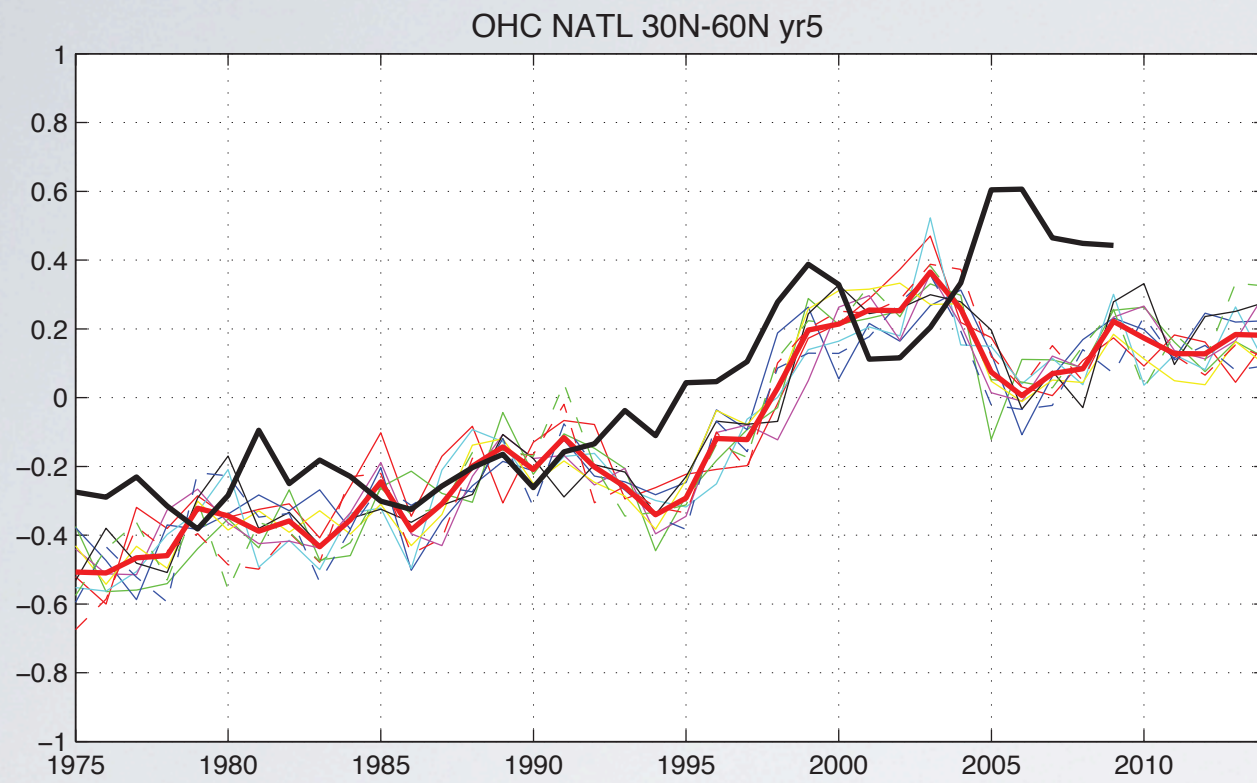


OHC NATL 30N-60N yr4

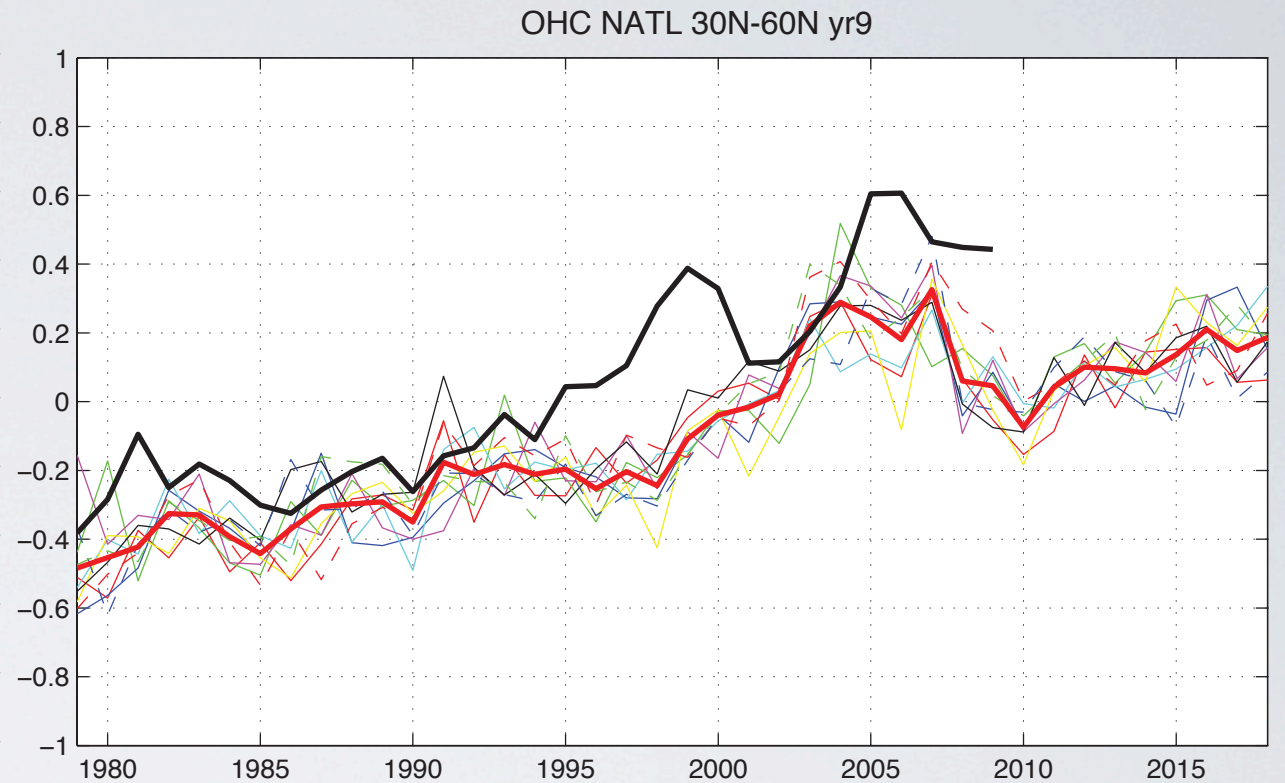


OHC NATL 30-60N

initialized predictions yr 5



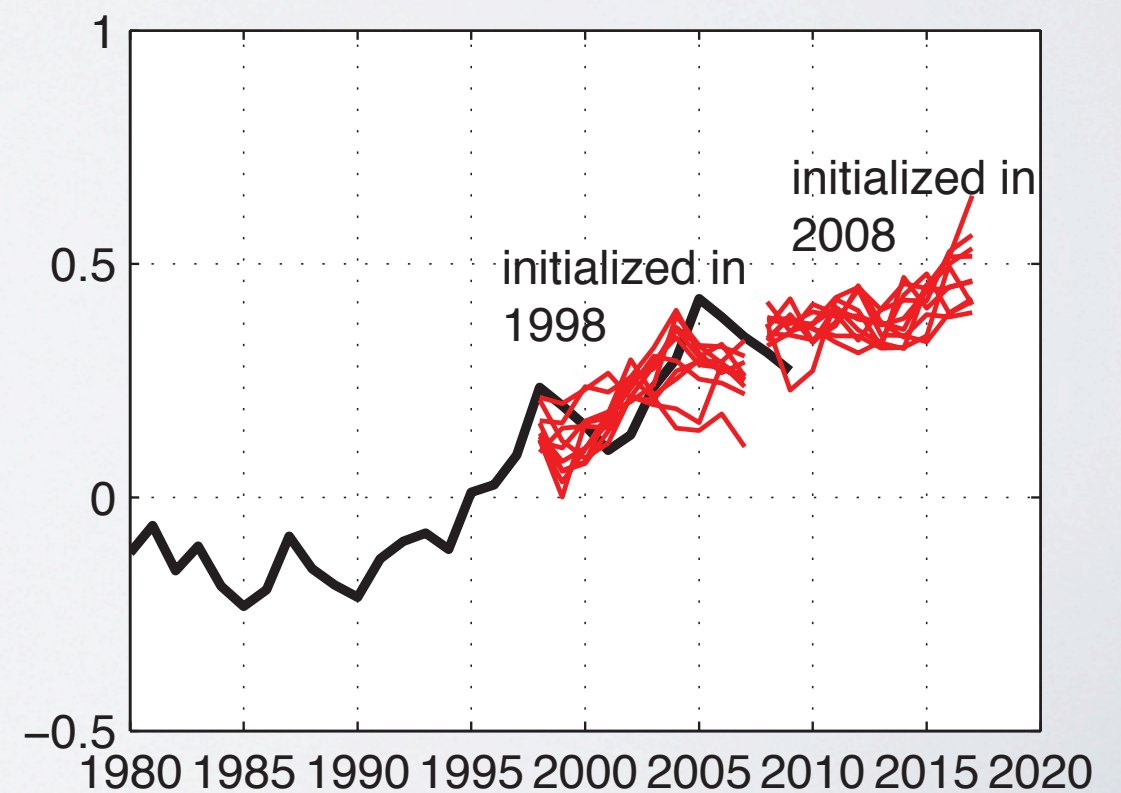
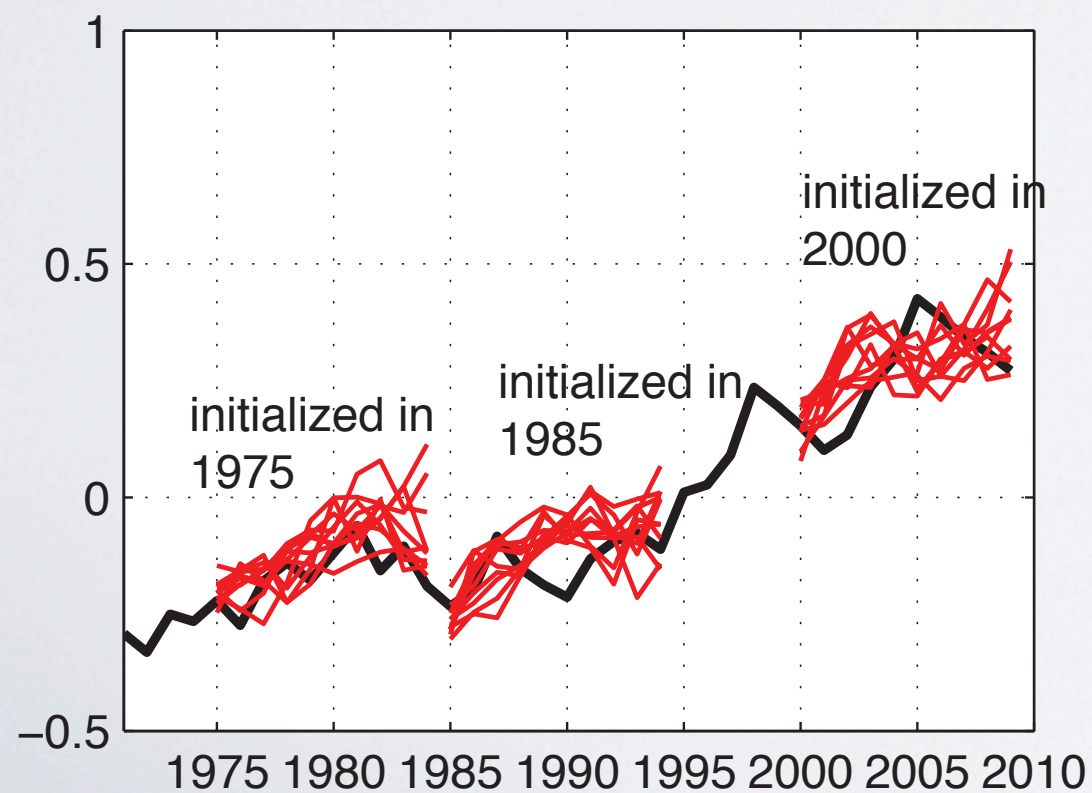
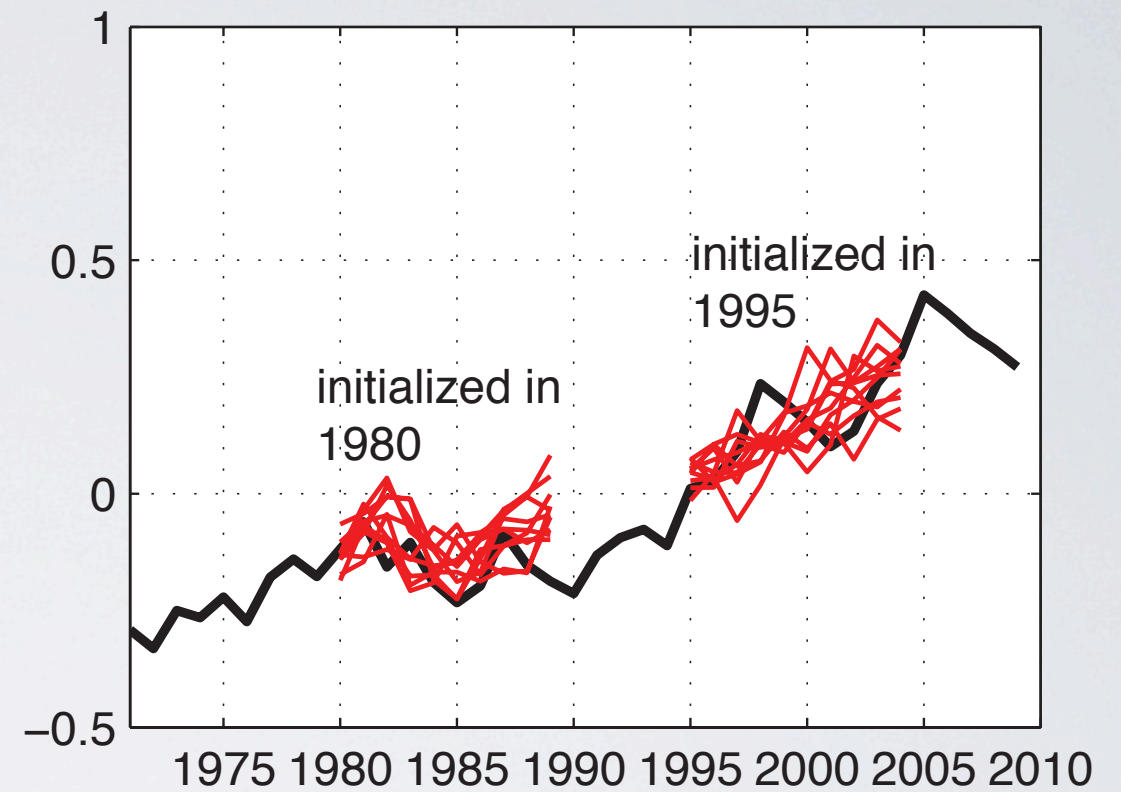
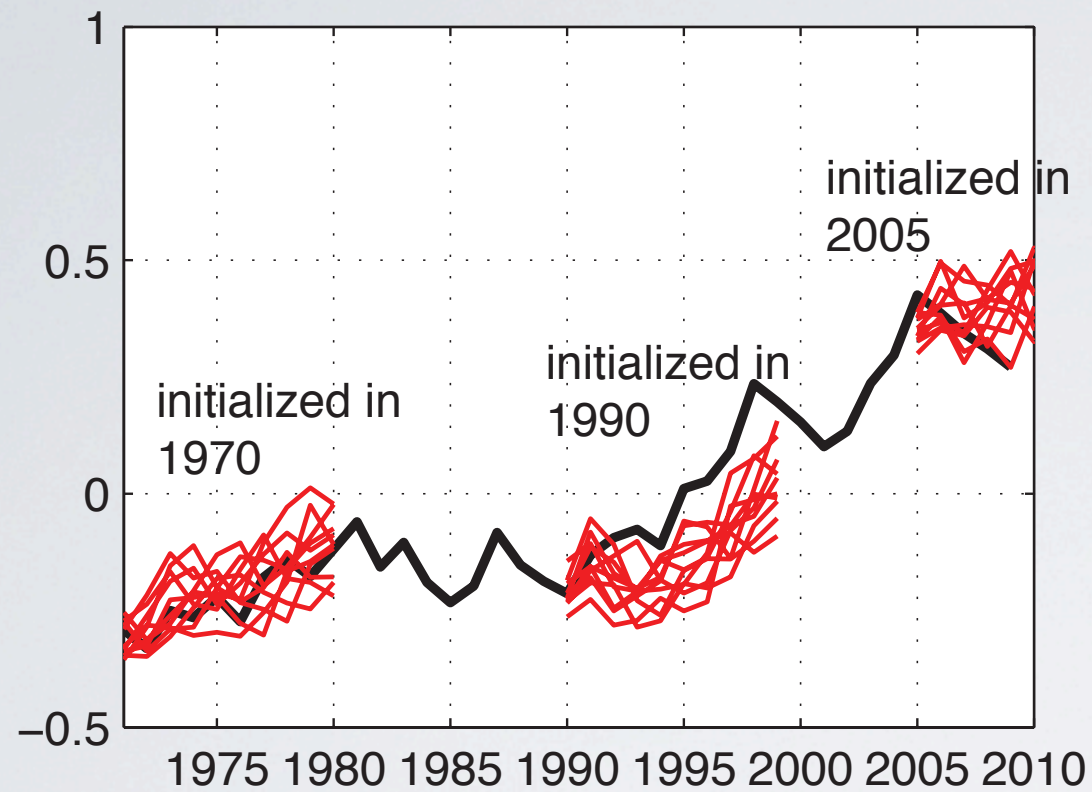
initialized predictions yr 9



Which initial states are most predictable?

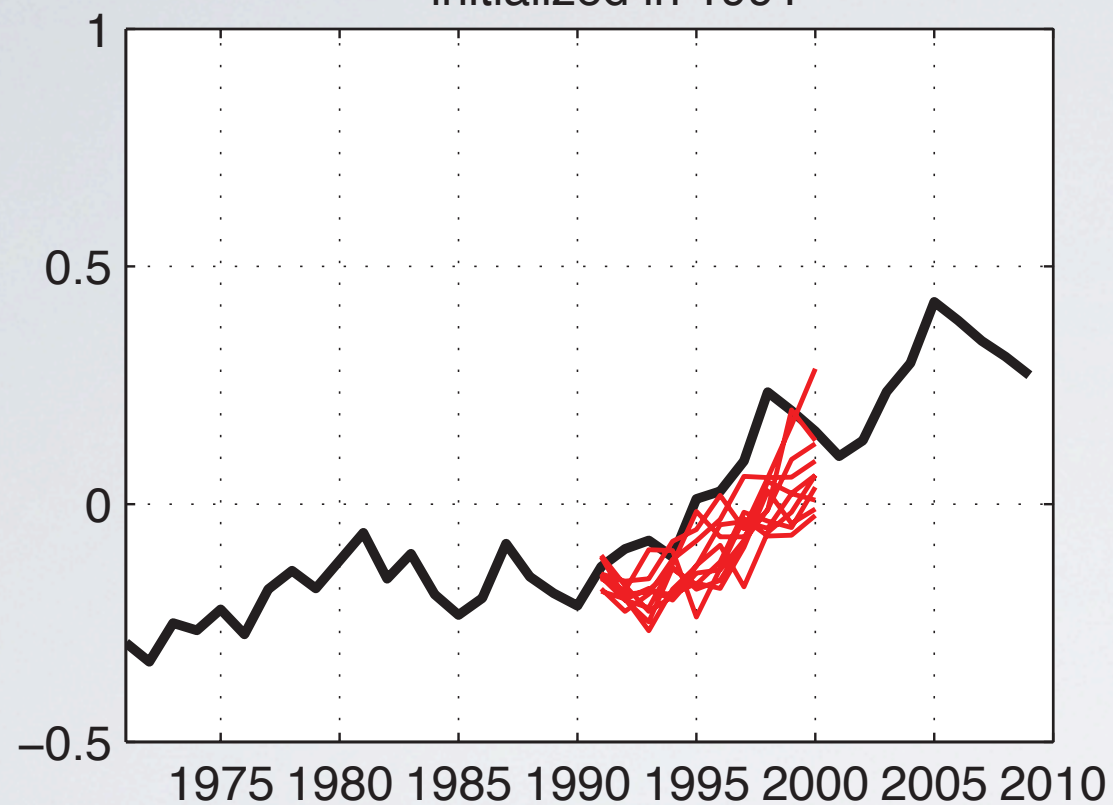
Can we capture the 1995 warming?

OHC NATL 0N60N

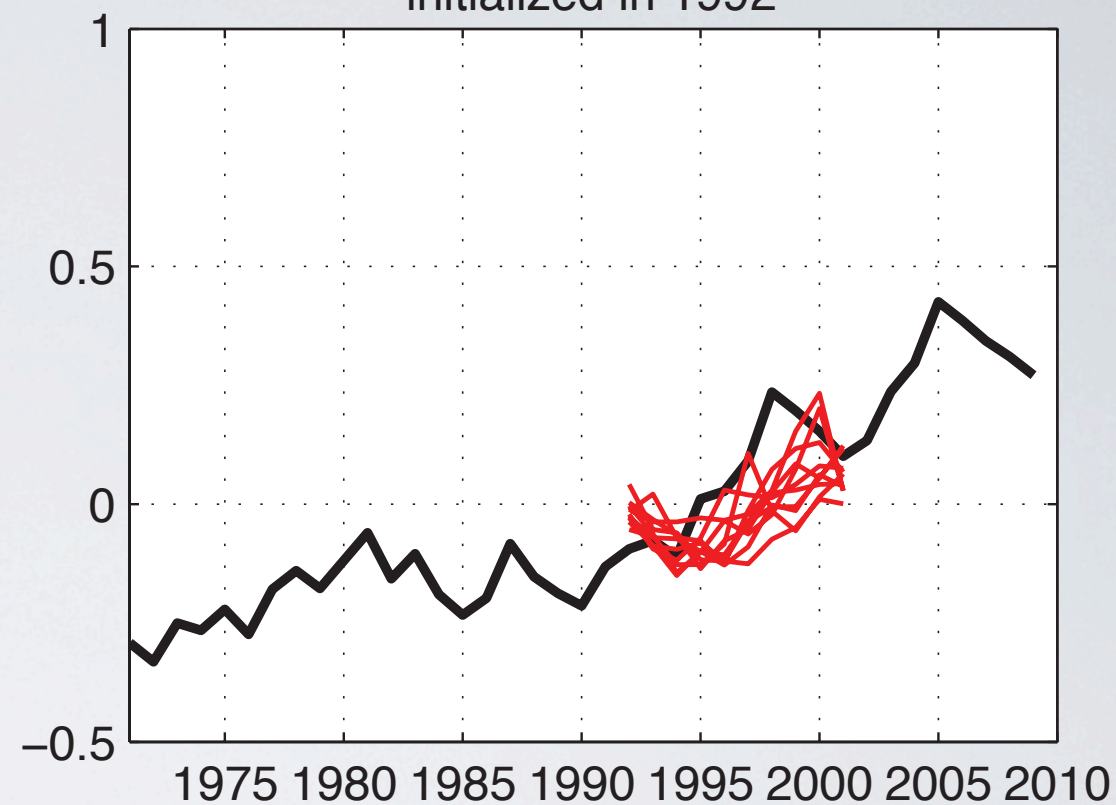


OHC NATL 0N60N

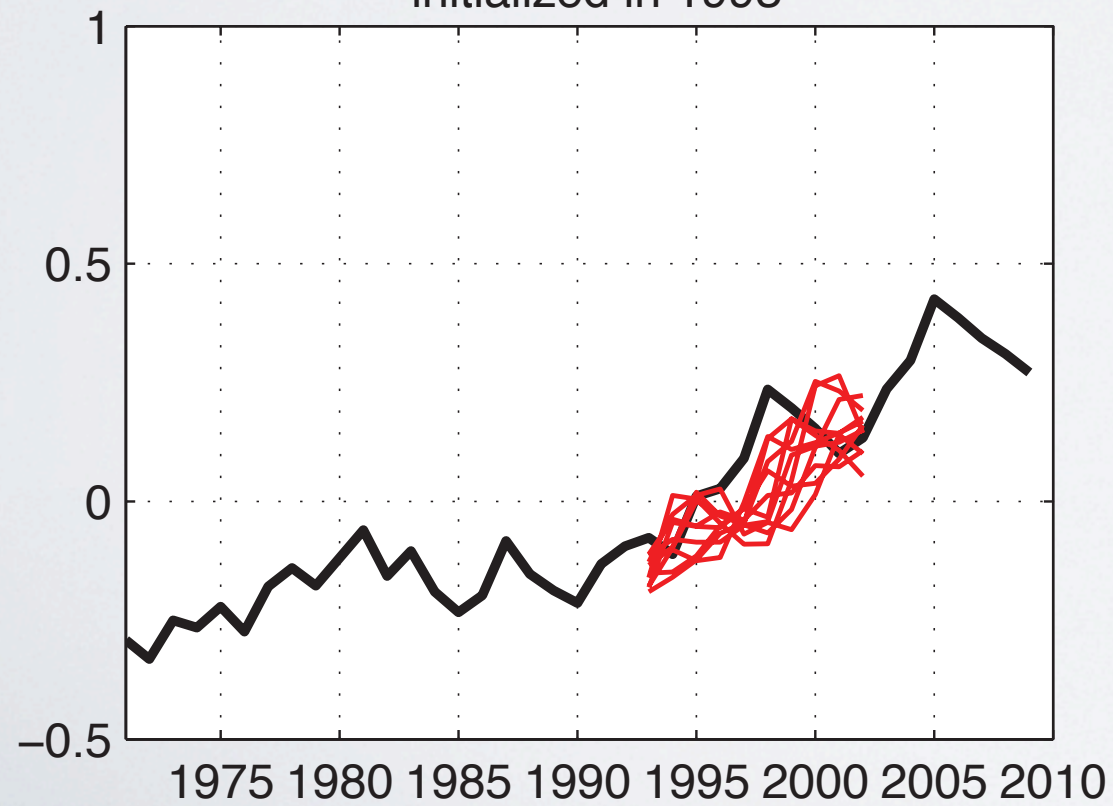
initialized in 1991



initialized in 1992



initialized in 1993



initialized in 1994

